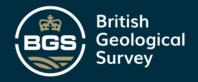


ANDREW HUGHES, MARCO BIANCHI AND LOTS OF OTHERS – 10TH JULY 2024

Modelling groundwater at the British mainland scale

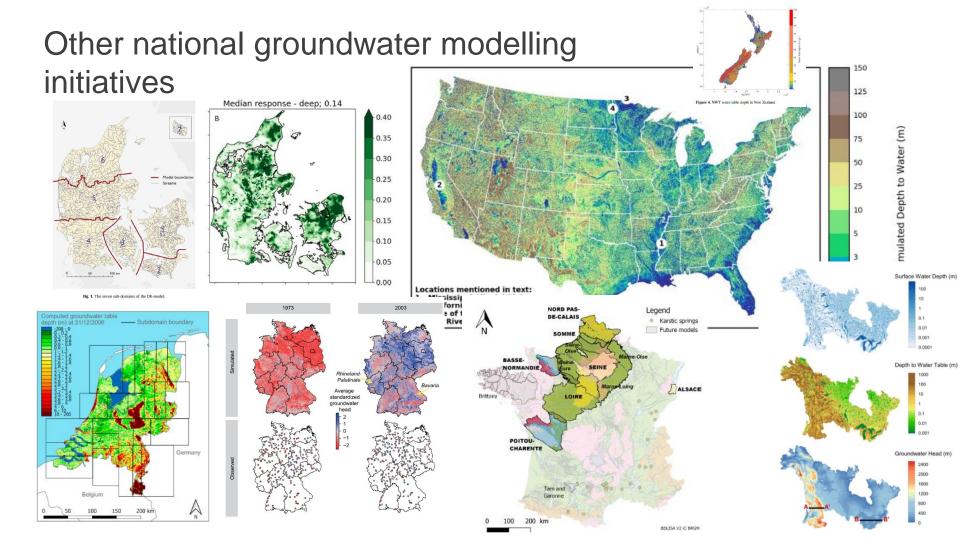


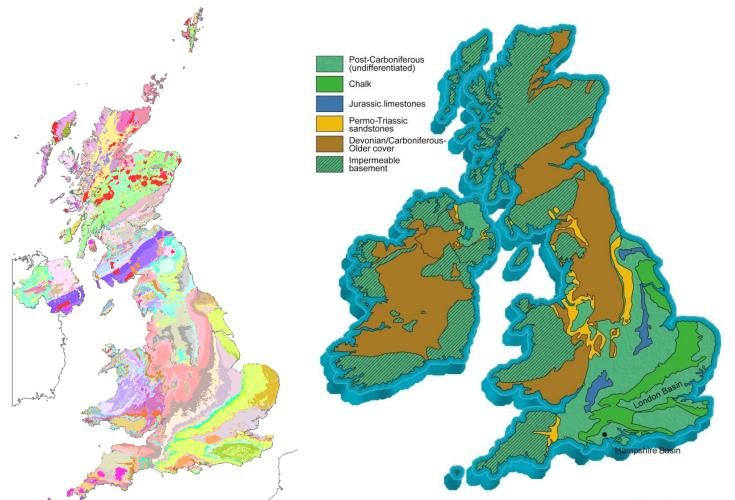
British Geological Survey (BGS)

BGS is world's oldest national geological survey and UK's premier centre for geological information and expertise.

Responsible for advising UK government and providing impartial geological advice to industry, academia and the public

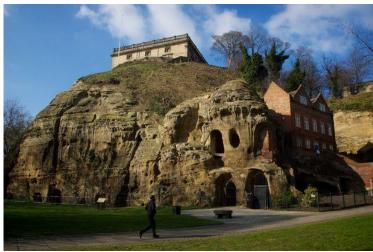
- Extensive programme of overseas research, surveying and monitoring, including major institutional strengthening programmes in the developing world
- A major global geological survey with a staff of around 650 and a turnover of £60 million
- Part of UK Research and Innovation (UKRI)







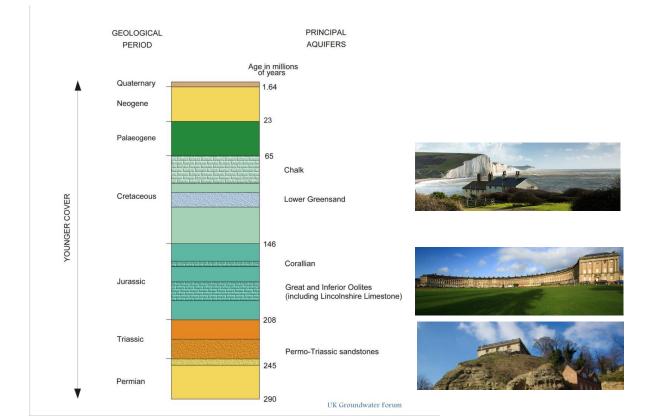






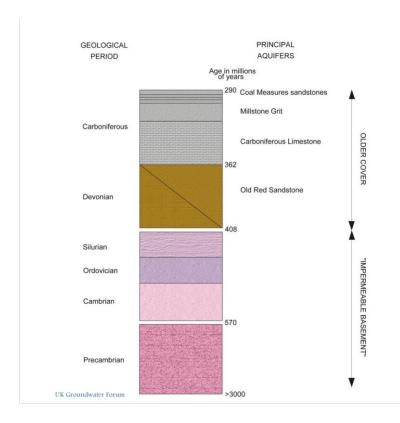


UK Principal Aquifers - younger



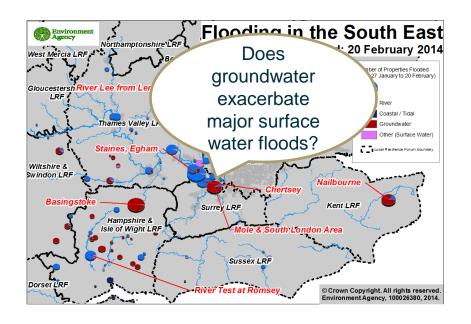


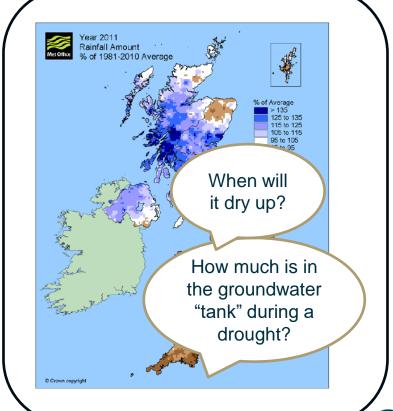
UK Principal Aquifers - older



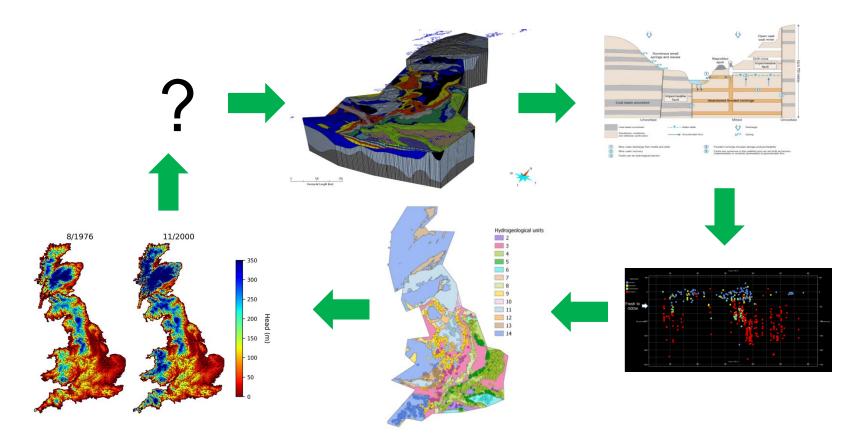


Questions...











British Mainland Groundwater Model (BGWM)



Hydrological Sciences Journal



ISSN: (Print) (Online) Journal homepage: www.tandfonline.com/journals/thsj20

Simulation of national-scale groundwater dynamics in geologically complex aquifer systems: an example from Great Britain

Marco Bianchi, Johanna Scheidegger, Andrew Hughes, Christopher Jackson, Jonathan Lee, Melinda Lewis, Majdi Mansour, Andrew Newell, Brighid O'Dochartaigh, Ashley Patton & Simon Dadson

To cite this article: Marco Bianchi, Johanna Scheidegger, Andrew Hughes, Christopher Jackson, Jonathan Lee, Melinda Lewis, Majdi Mansour, Andrew Newell, Brighid O'Dochartaigh, Ashley Patton & Simon Dadson (10 Apr 2024): Simulation of national-scale groundwater dynamics in geologically complex aquifer systems: an example from Great Britain, Hydrological Sciences Journal, DOI: 10.1080/02626667.2024.2320847

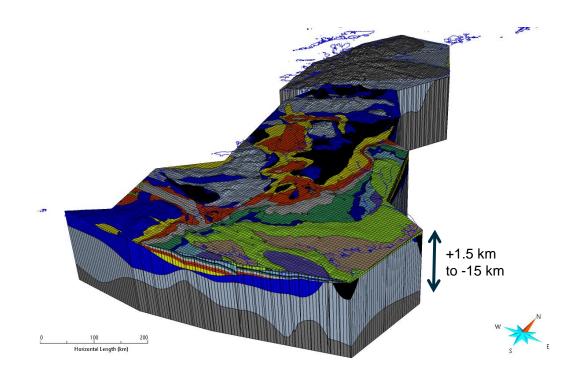
To link to this article: https://doi.org/10.1080/02626667.2024.2320847



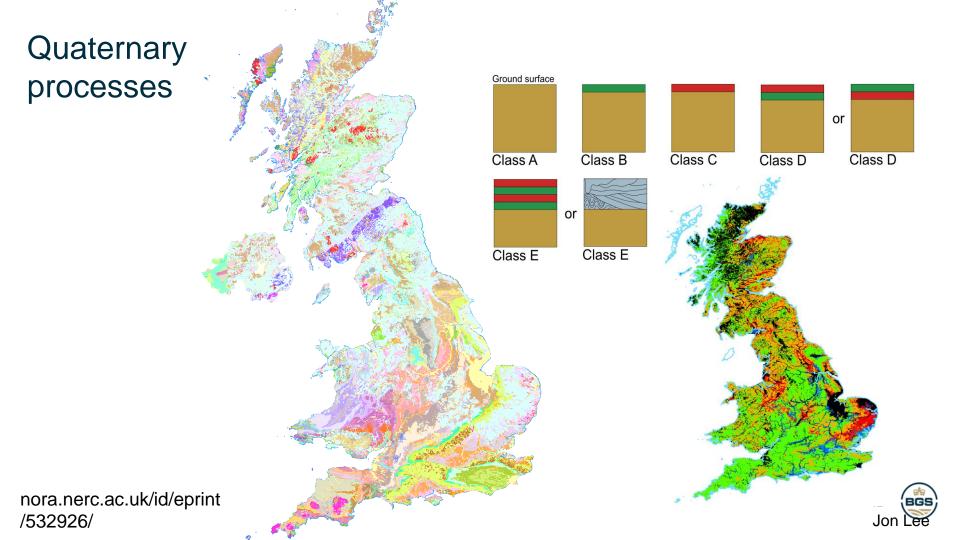
Improving the geological representation: 3D framework model



1:625,000 scale mapping

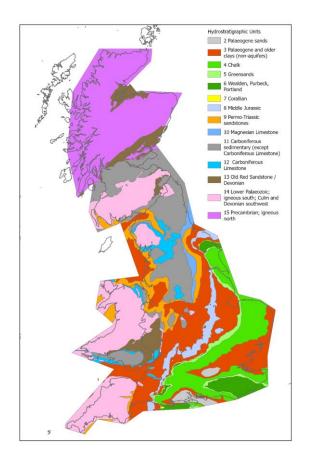




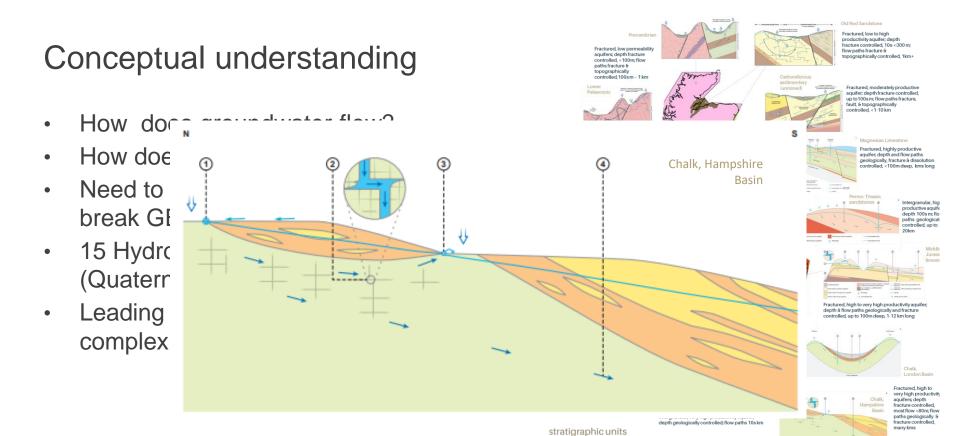


Defined 15 hydrostratigraphic units:

Hydro- stratigraphic unit code	Section in this report	Geological subdivisions within unit
HU1	2. Superficial aquifers (incl. Crag)	Superficial aquifers (not included in the current Hydi JULES British mainland model)
HU2	3. Palaeogene sands	Palaeogene, predominantly unconsolidated sand ac
HU3	4. Palaeogene & older clays (non-aquifers)	Predominantly clay or mudstone, Mesozoic or young (non aquifer)
HU4	5. Chalk	Chalk
HU5	6. Greensands	Upper Greensand Formation, Gault Formation and I Greensand Group
HU6	7. Wealden, Purbeck, Portland	Wealden Group, Purbeck Formation, Portland Grou
HU7	8. Corallian	Corallian Group
HU8	9. Middle Jurassic	Middle Jurassic
HU9	10. Permo-Triassic sandstones	Permo-Triassic sandstone formations (except North Wales – HU13) and Scotland (HU14 and HU15)
HU10	11. Magnesian Limestone	Zechstein Group
HU11	12. Carboniferous sedimentary (except Carboniferous Limestone)	Dominantly Carboniferous sedimentary rocks (excel Carboniferous Limestone – HU 13; – and Culm – HI including Carboniferous Basinal Shales (very small present at depth). Also includes Carboniferous volca rocks and small areas of intrusive igneous rocks
HU12	13. Carboniferous Limestone	Dominantly Carboniferous Limestone Group; also P Triassic sandstone basins in North Wales
HU13	14. Old Red Sandstone / Devonian	Dominantly Devonian Old Red Sandstone rocks (ex in southwest England – HU14); also small areas of volcanic and intrusive igneous rocks, mostly of Devo
HU14	15. Lower Palaeozoic; igneous south; Culm & Devonian southwest	Lower Palaeozoic across Britain; intrusive igneous & volcanic rocks south of the Southern Uplands Fault; Permo-Triassic sandstone basins in southern Scotla Culm and Devonian rocks in southwest England
HU15	16. Precambrian; igneous north	Precambrian across Britain; intrusive and volcanic rand Permo-Triassic sandstone basins north of approximately the geological boundary between Carboniferous and Devonian rocks; some Carbonife igneous intrusive rocks just south of this line; and twarmall areas mapped on the 1:625,000 scale geology as Triassic Mercia Mudstone Group, near Leicester, Carboniferous Warwickshire Group, near Nuneaton.

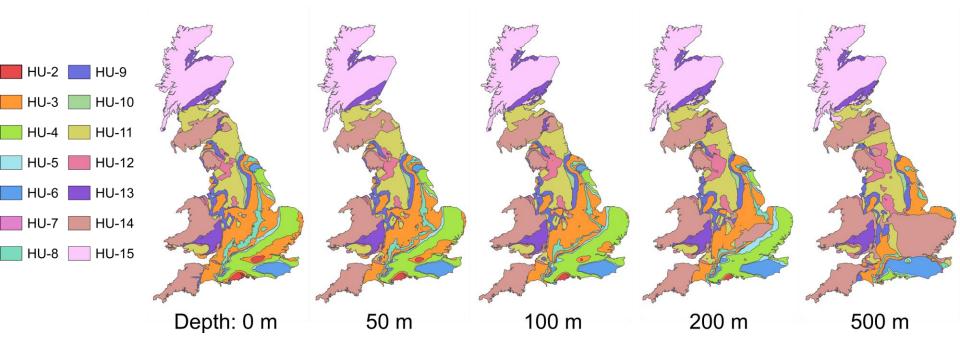






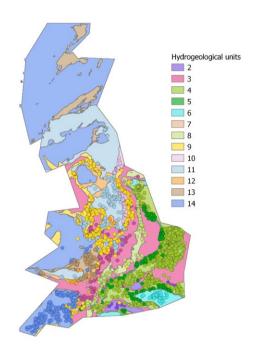


HydroJules mainland model

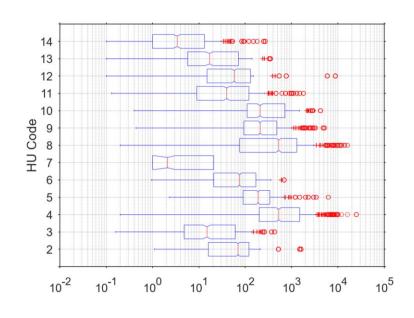




Hydrostratigraphic units and Transmissivity distribution



 Hydrostratigraphic units and borehole locations



 Transmissivity distribution for each hydrostratigraphic unit

6

The model: key info

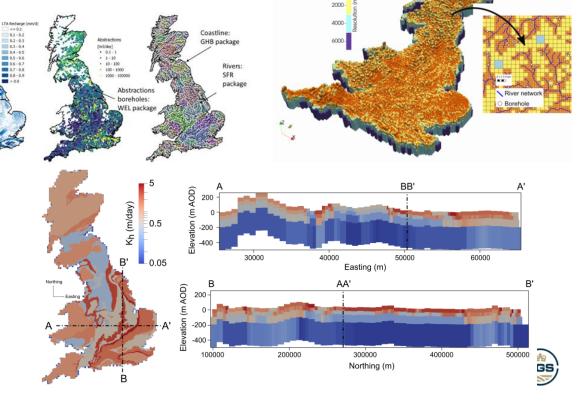
The BGWM implemented in MODFLOW 6 simulates 3-D transient groundwater dynamics in the major and minor aquifers of Great Britain

The unstructured grid has a minimum resolution of 1 km in in the horizontal plane and 50 m along the vertical direction.

Hydrogeological parameterisation based on a 3-D geological model

Boundary conditions include:

- · groundwater abstractions;
- · groundwater discharge to the sea;
- river-aquifer interactions;
- distributed net recharge



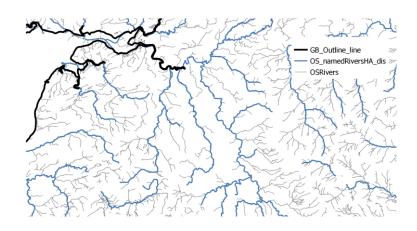
Boundary conditions

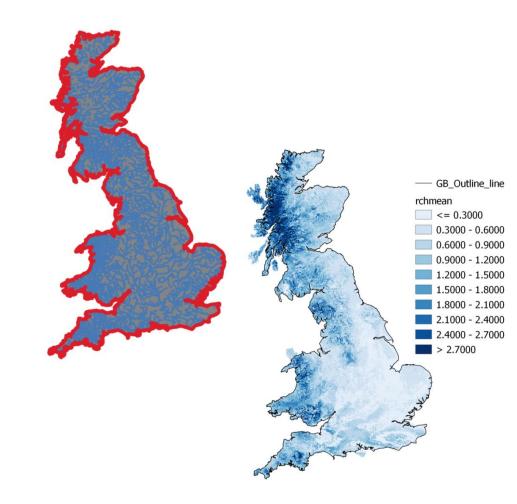
Coastline: CHD package

• Rivers: RIV/SFR package

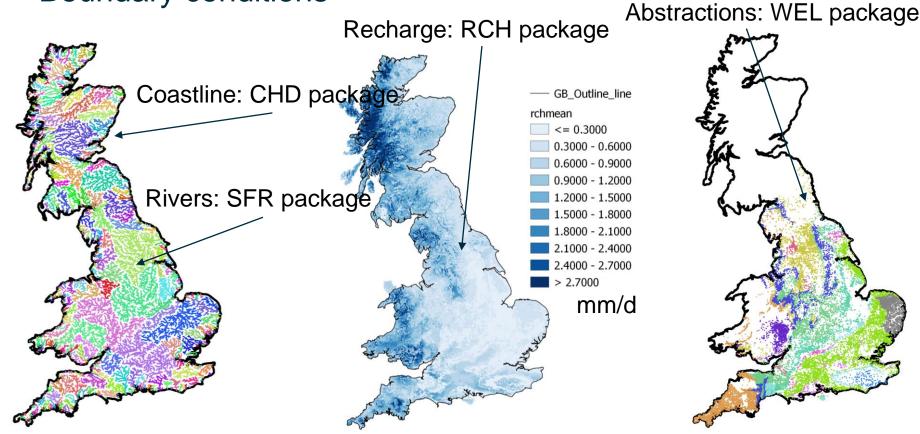
Recharge: RCH package

Abstractions: WEL package

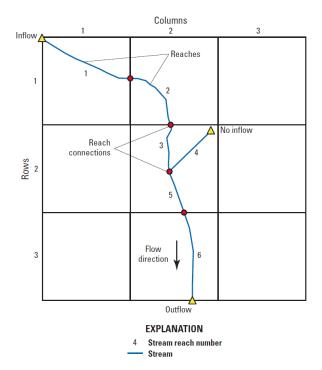




Boundary conditions

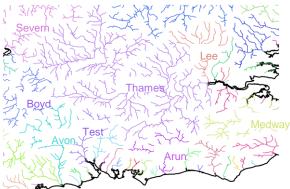


Streamflow-Routing Package

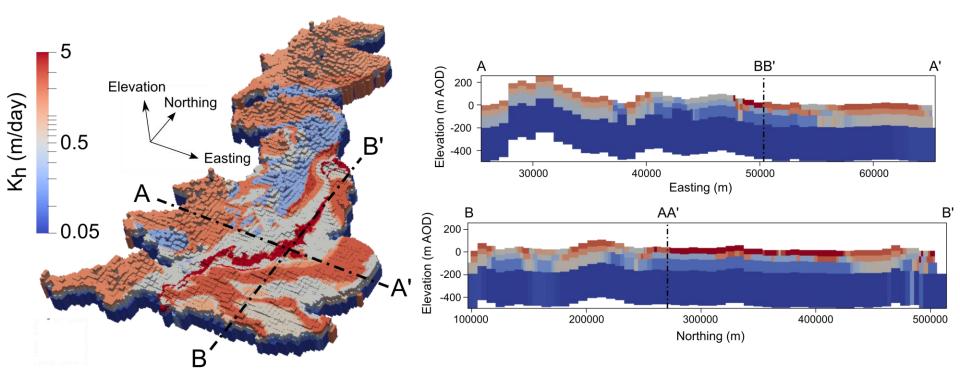


Prudic et al. (2004)

- Simulation of stream/aquifer interactions
- River network (D8 algorithm) based on the CEH Integrated Hydrological Digital Terrain Model [IHDTM]
- > 900 catchments and > 84000 reaches
- Channel width estimated with empirical formula of Bell et al. (2009)





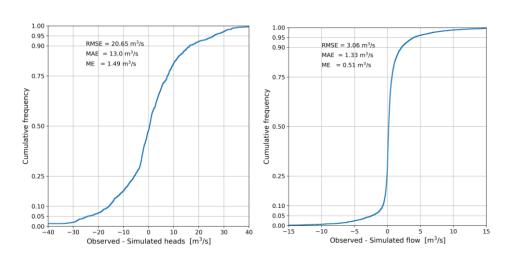


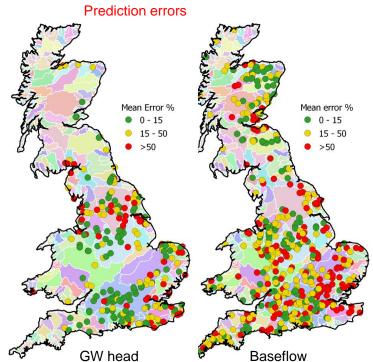


Calibration, accuracy, and predictability

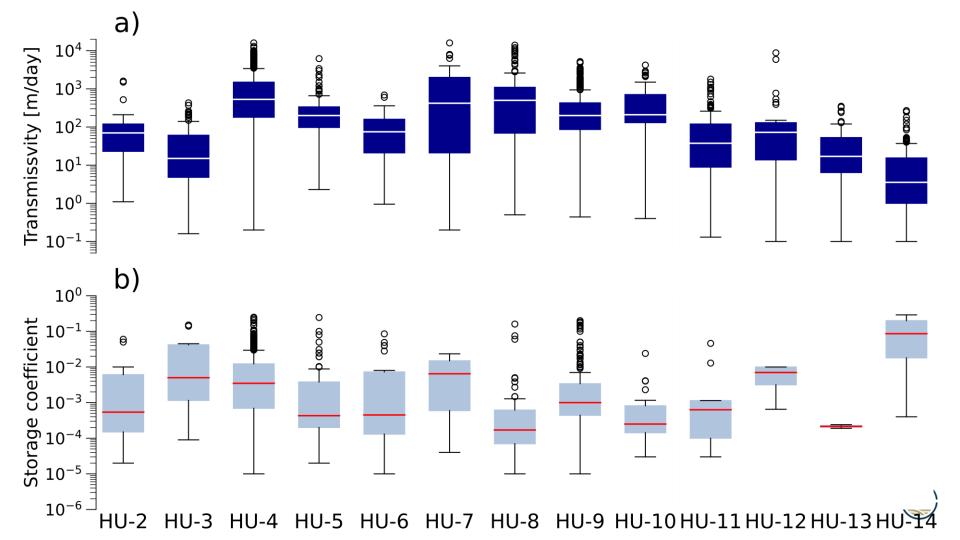
Model input parameters were calibrated using the **automated parameter estimation** (PEST) to minimise the residuals between simulated and observed **groundwater heads** (266 monitoring boreholes) **and baseflow** estimates (552 gauging stations)

The full set of observations for the period 1970 - 2018 were compared the predictions from the BGWM to assess predictability



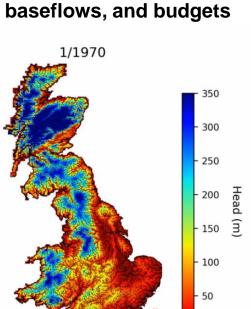


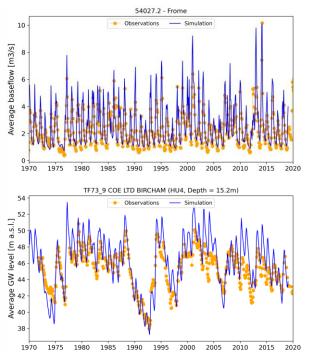


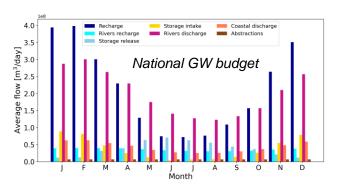


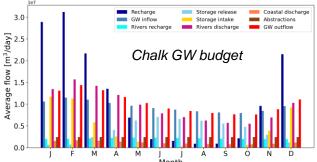
Simulation outputs

The BGWM simulates time-varying 3-D groundwater head distributions, groundwater depths,

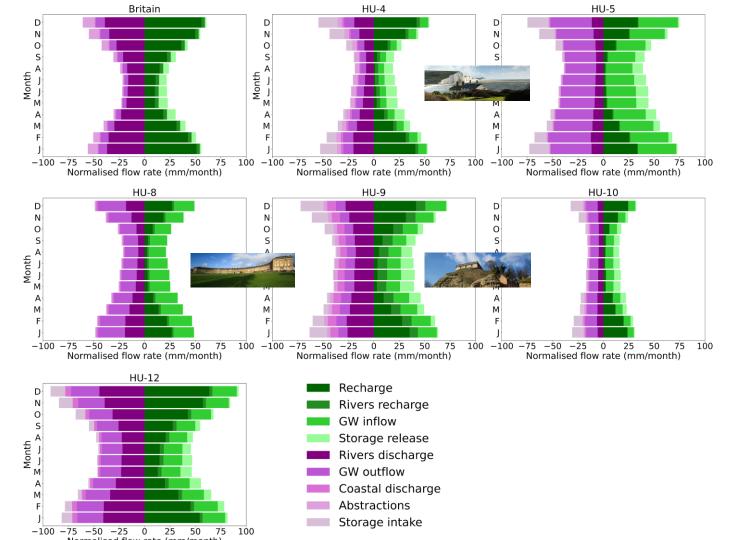






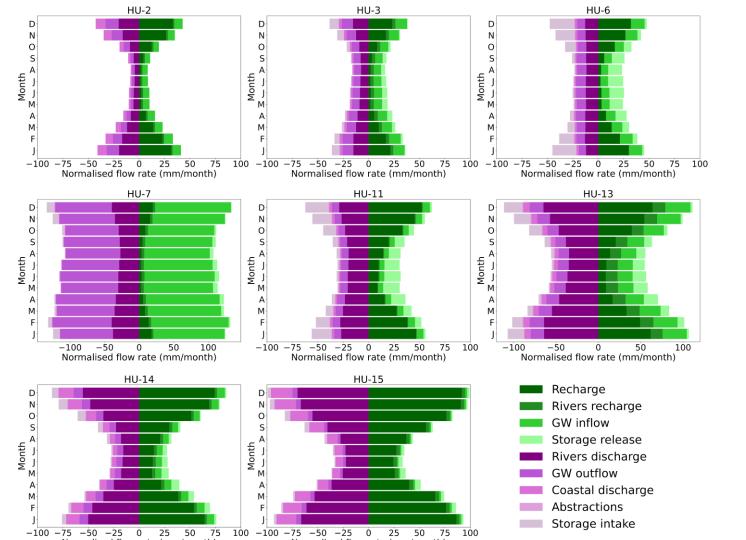


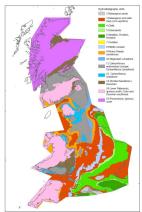




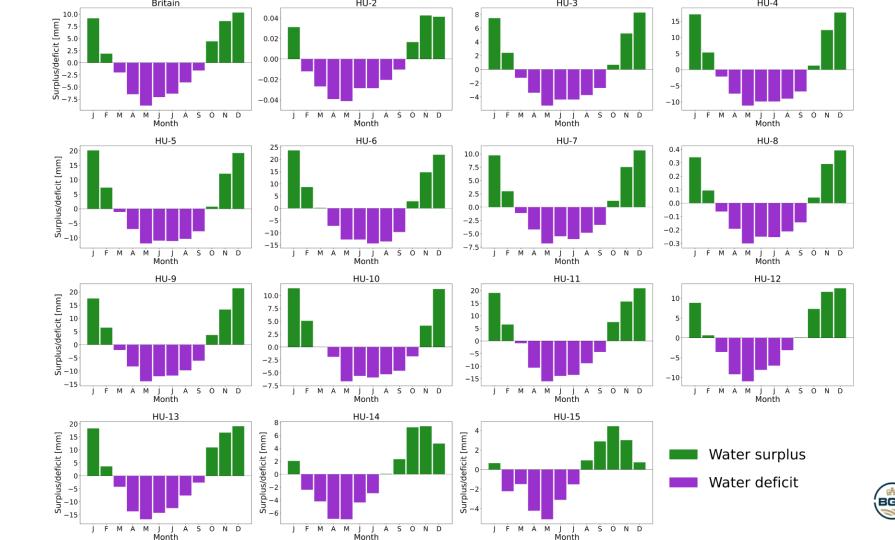


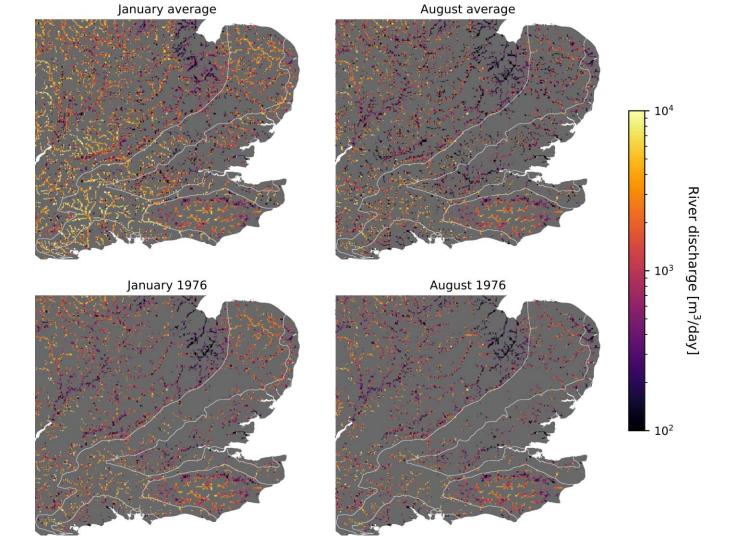




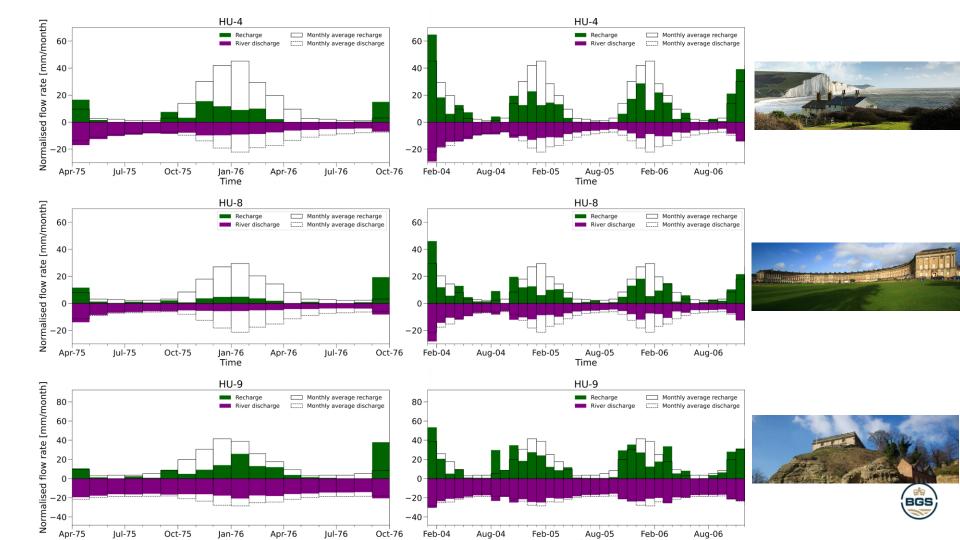






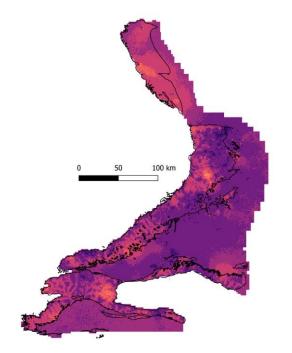




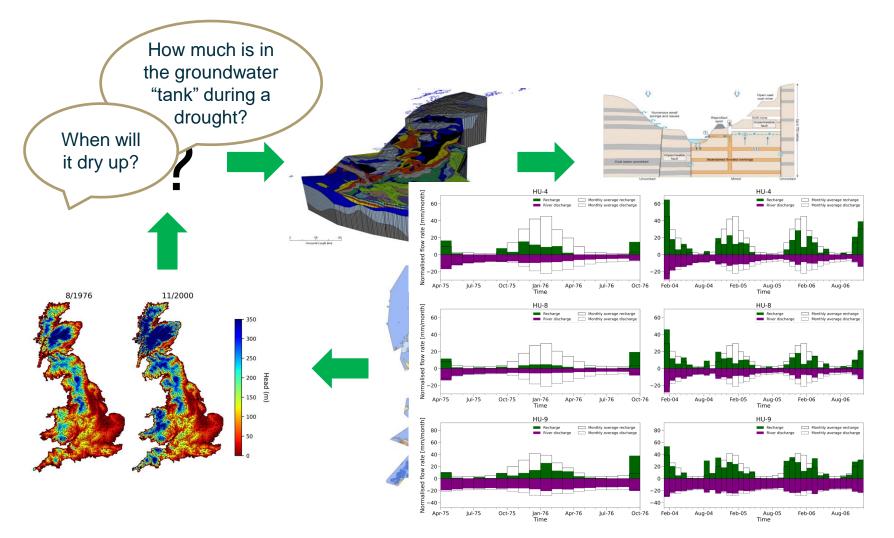


What next for the BGWM? MODFLOW6 enhancements

- Low permeability aquifers typically found in upland Britain – develop model structures to represent short groundwater flow pathways in these groundwater systems.
- Improved parametrisation voxel based, stochastic and incorporating BGS databases.
- Coastal processes extending groundwater flows beyond the coast.
- Inclusion of quaternary aquifers.









ANY QUESTIONS

Thank-you

