

# Parameter Estimation

where we are now and where we want to go

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# where we are now

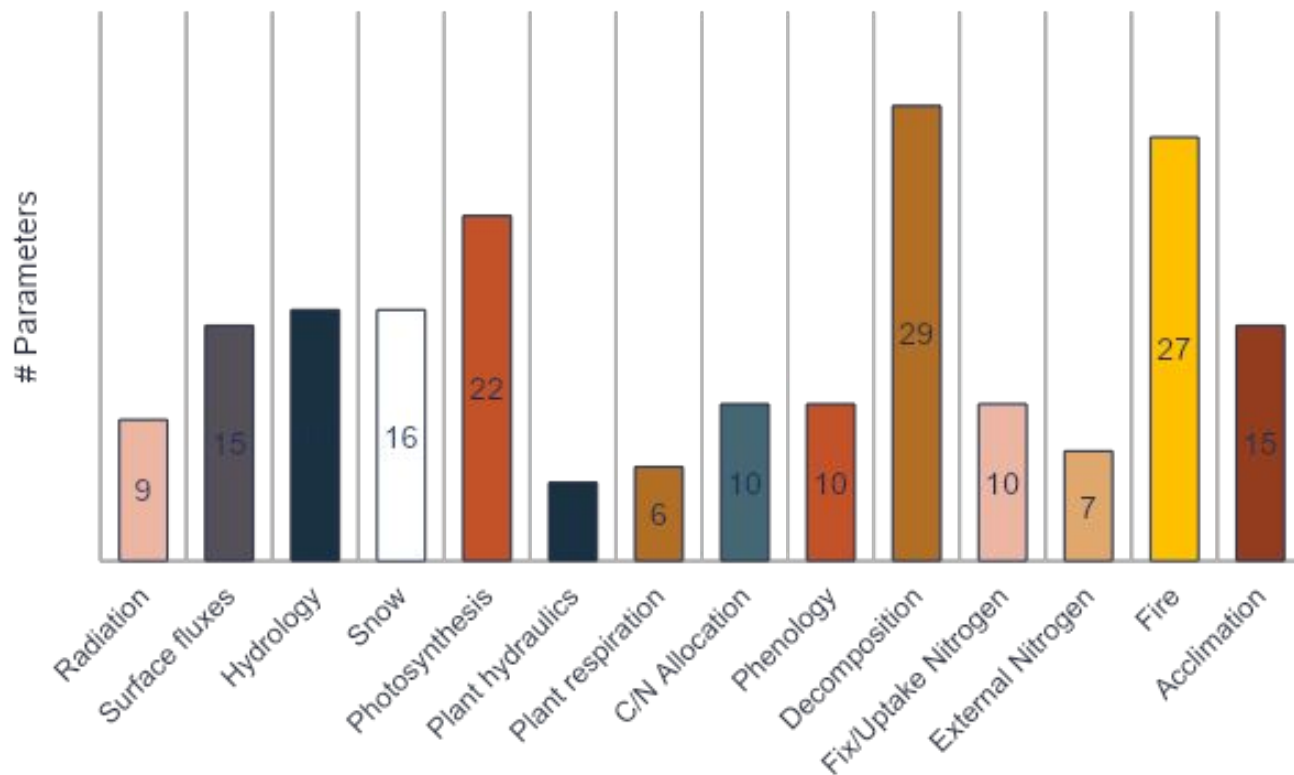


# where we are now





# STATE of CLM

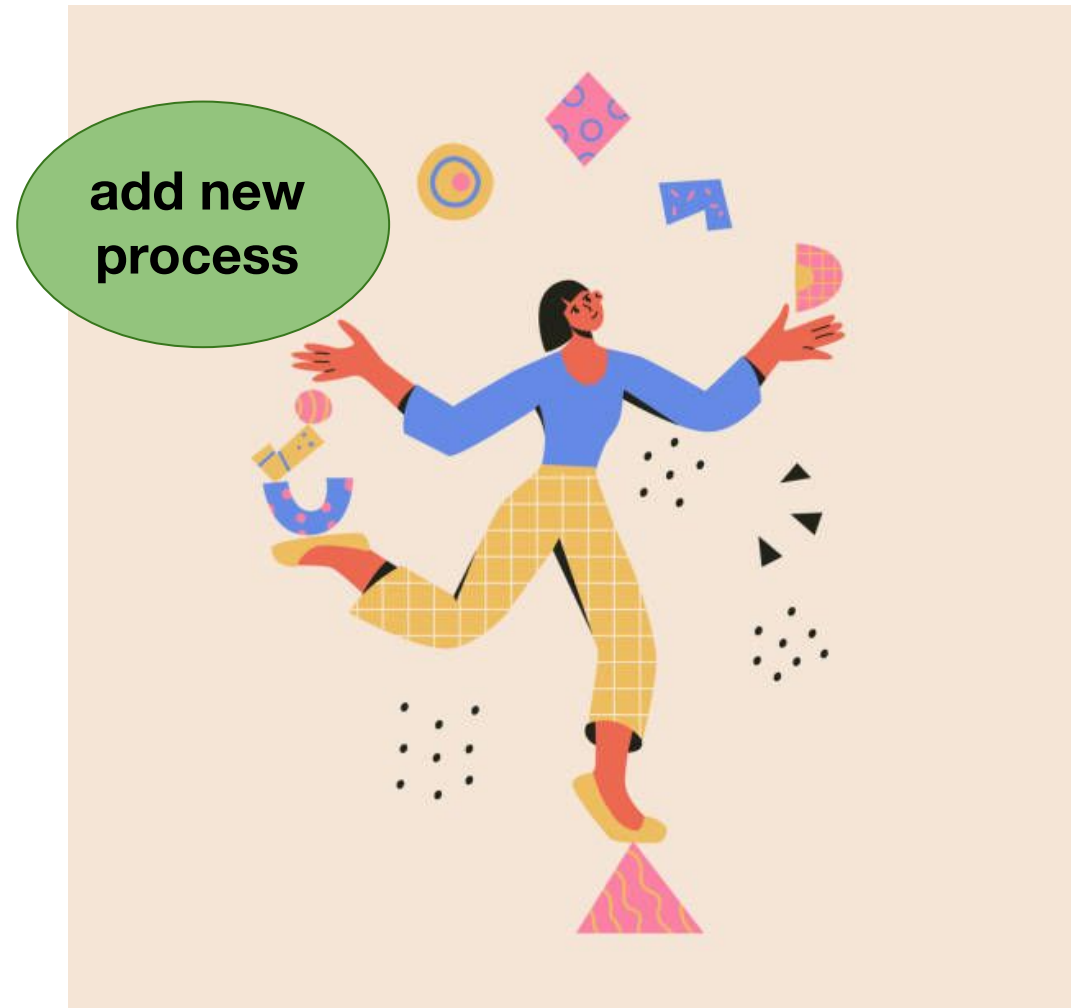


Approximately  
200 parameters  
in CLM5-BGC

**many processes, many parameters**



**a delicate balancing act**



**a delicate balancing act**



**a delicate balancing act**



**a delicate balancing act**



## PRINCIPLES

- objectivity
- no hand-tuning
- parameters “from the literature”



**a delicate balancing act**

## PRINCIPLES

- objectivity
- no hand-tuning
- parameters “from the literature”

very difficult in practice

## a delicate balancing act



## PRINCIPLES

- transparent
- reproducible
- effectively leverage available information



**a delicate balancing act**



# parameter optimization



is it cheating?

# parameter optimization



basic physics of climate  
are well-established

full complexity is immense,  
-> parameterizations



# parameter optimization



parameter selection is  
always occurring

should be more  
transparent!



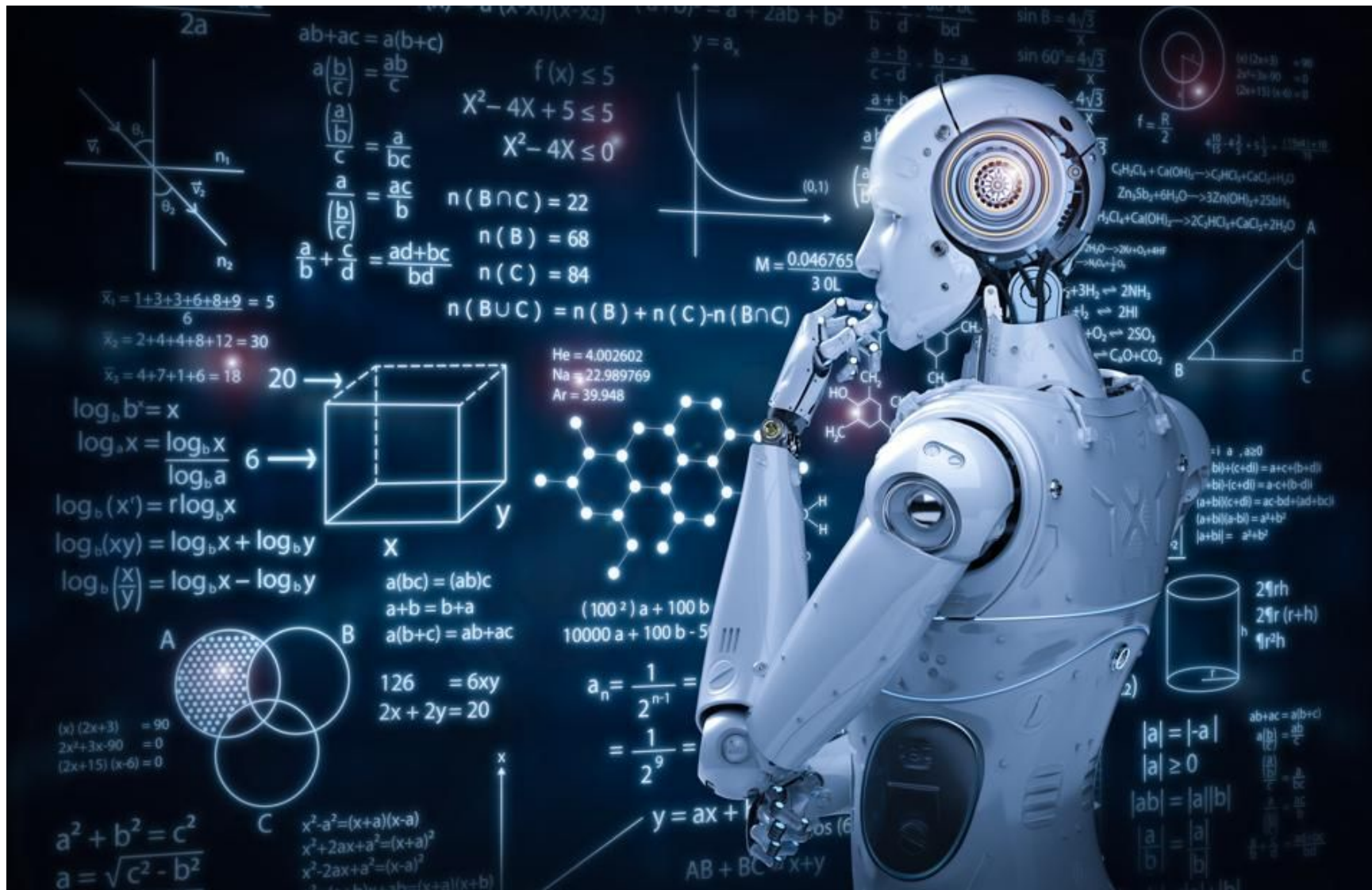
## drawbacks of hand-tuning approach

1. Difficult to diagnose structural improvements
2. Challenging to incorporate new parameterizations
3. Impractical requisite knowledge base
4. Doesn't scale well with increasing complexity

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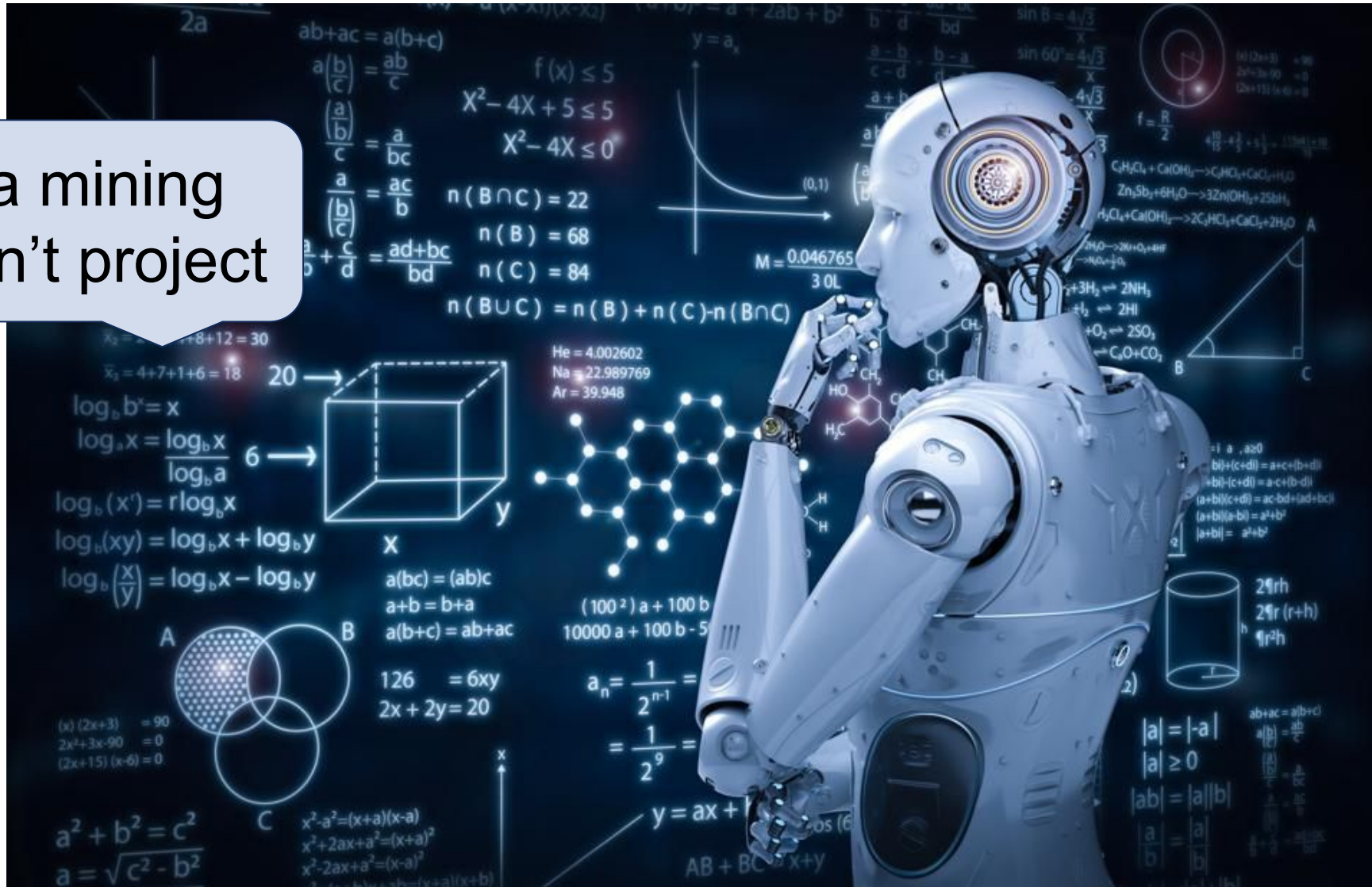
# Hand over the reigns to machine learning





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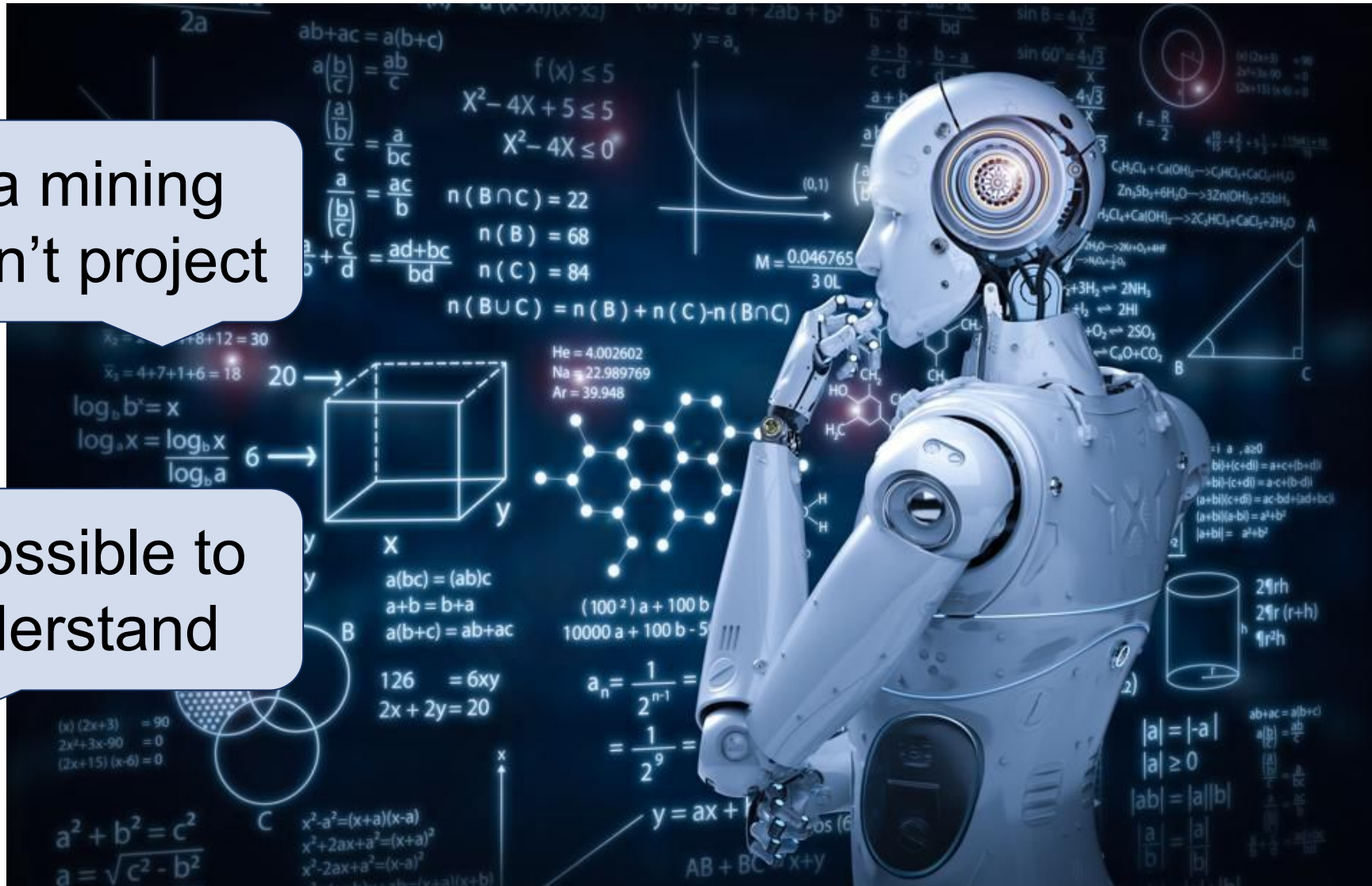
data mining  
doesn't project



# Hand over the reigns to machine learning

data mining  
doesn't project

impossible to  
understand



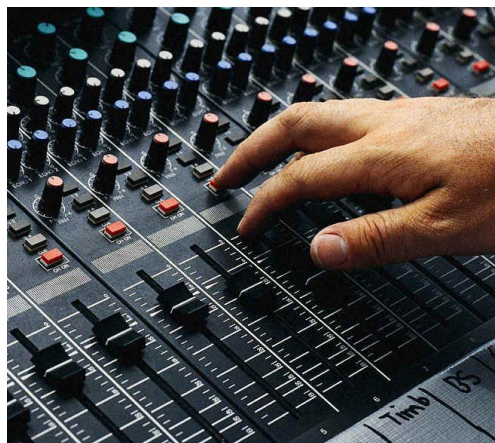


# Finding the happy medium

unsustainable

unscientific

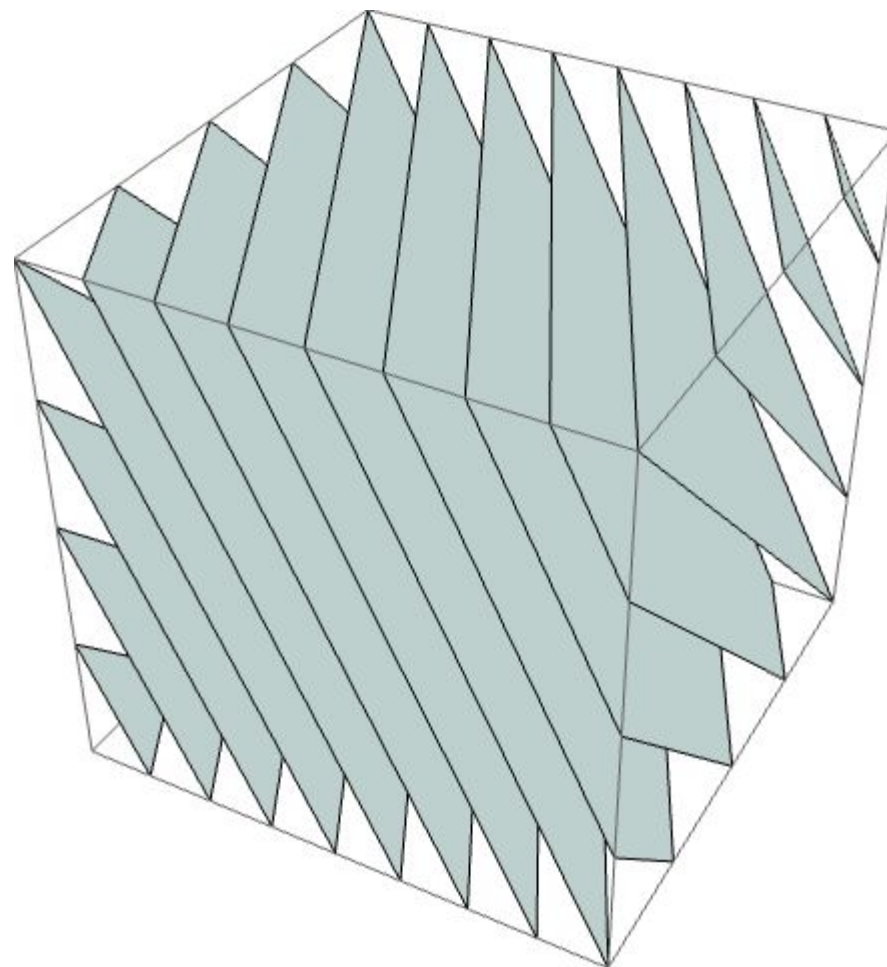
progress?





## Parameter perturbation experiments

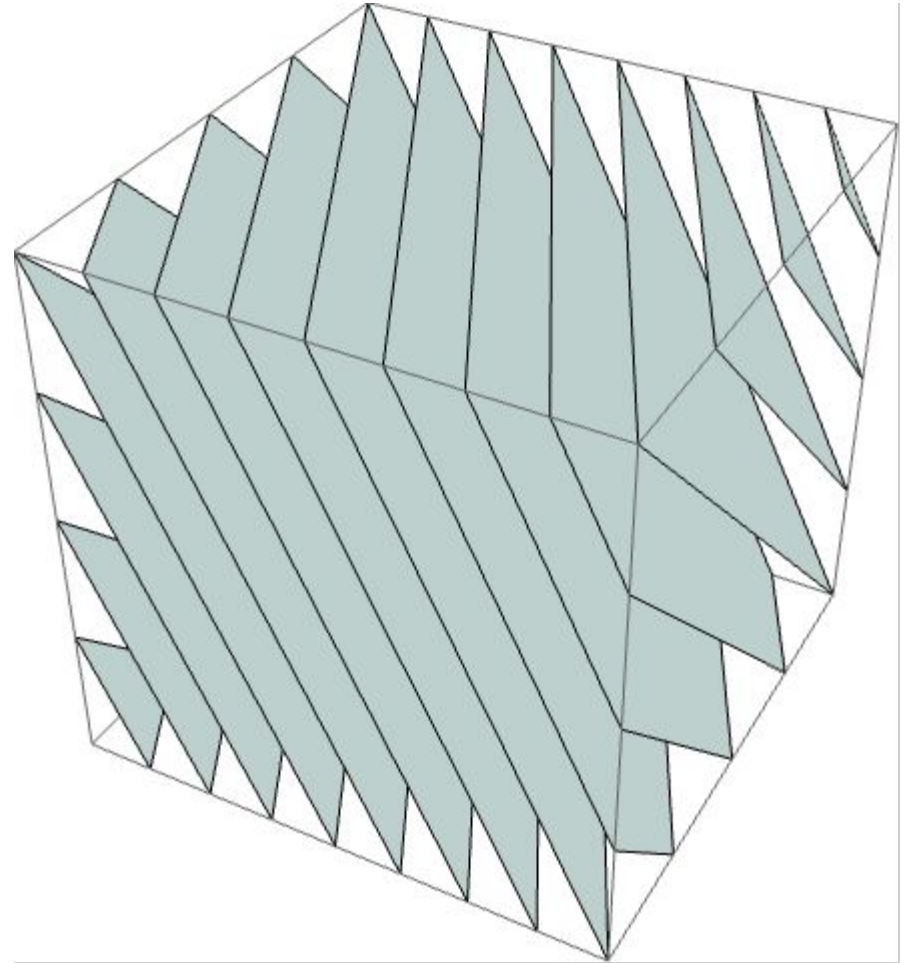
- choose a set of parameters
- vary them strategically
- learn about the model



## Parameter perturbation experiments

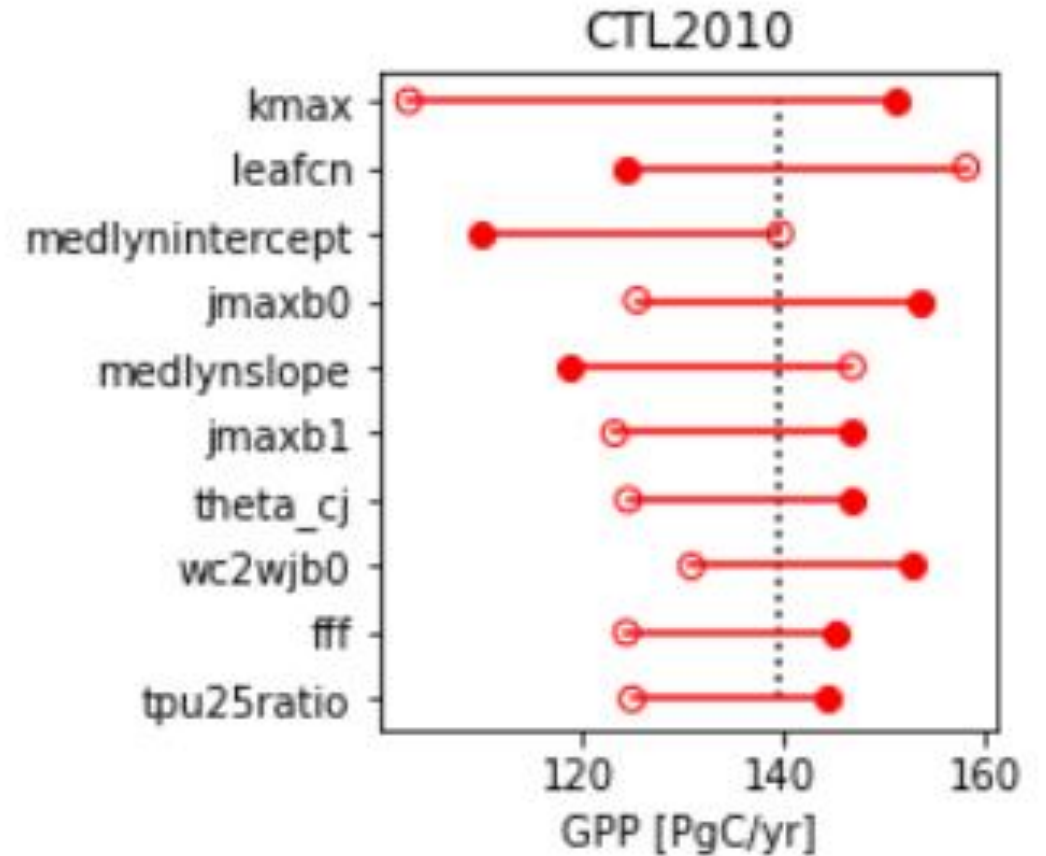
- choose a set of parameters
- vary them strategically
- learn about the model

leverage knowledge to  
set parameter values



## One-at-a-time experiment:

- 200 parameters
- perturbed up and down
- spinup, then run for ten years



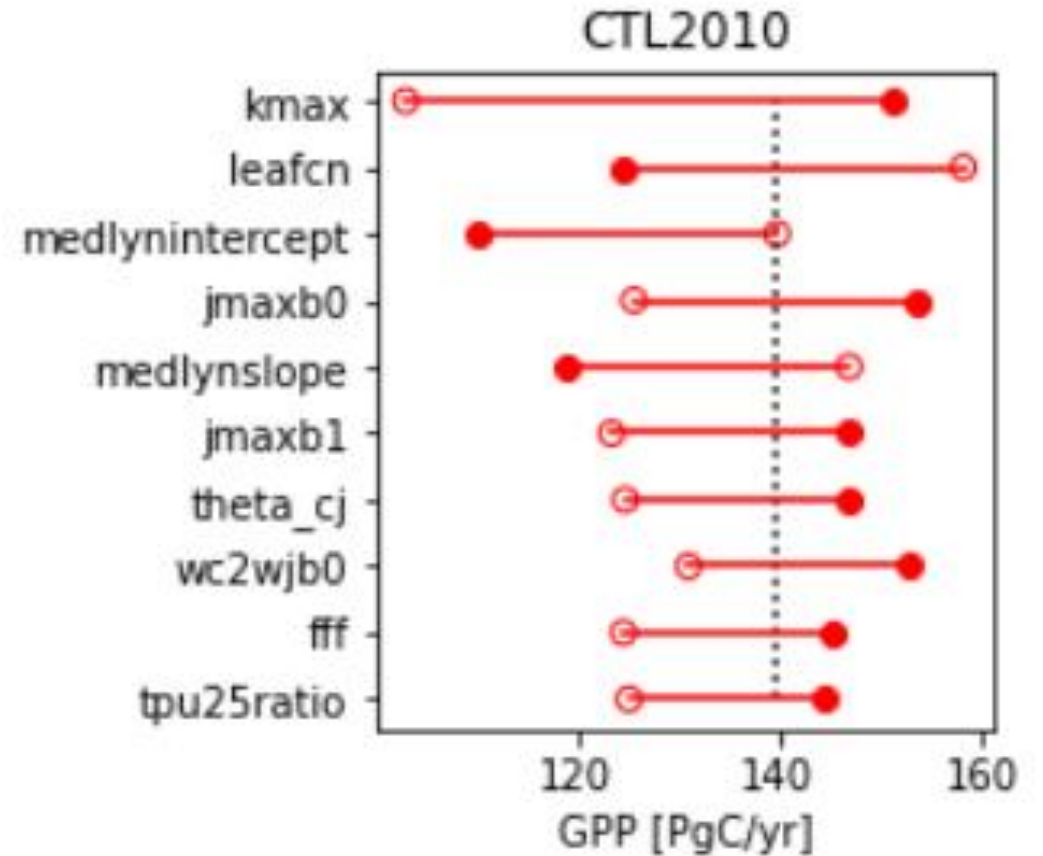
w/ Katie Dagon, Dave Lawrence and  
the CLM PPE WG

## One-at-a-time experiment:

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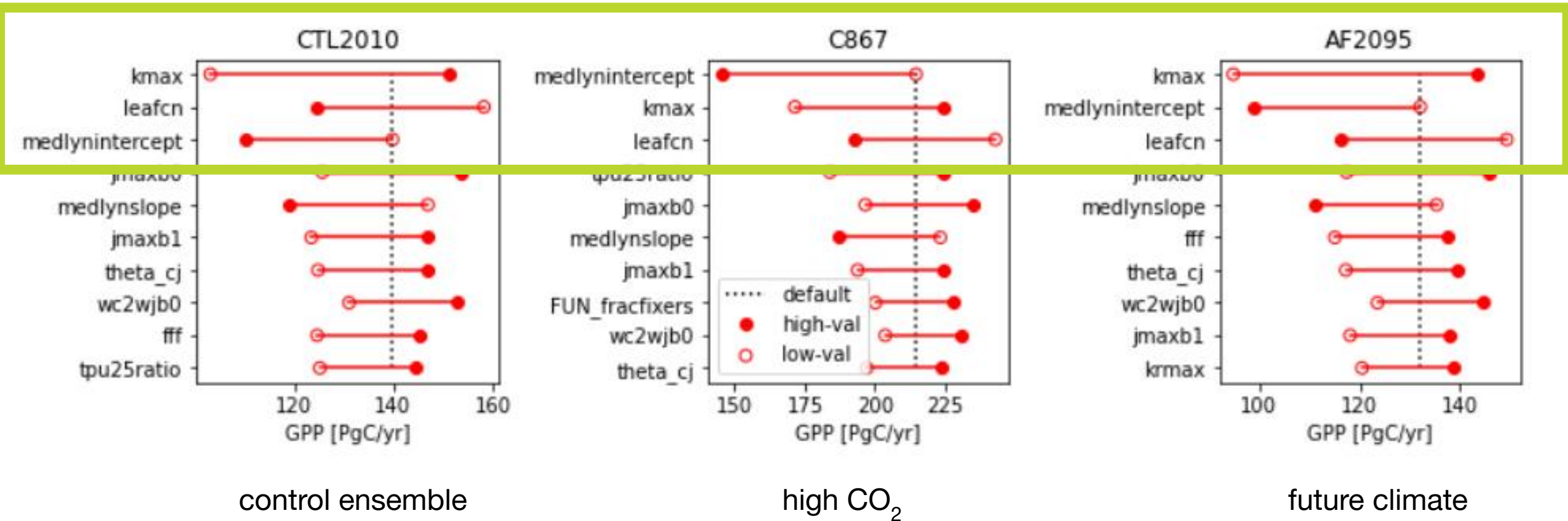
## Six scenarios:

- Control (2010 climate/ $\text{CO}_2$ )
- Hi/low  $\text{CO}_2$
- 1850/2100 climate
- + nitrogen deposition

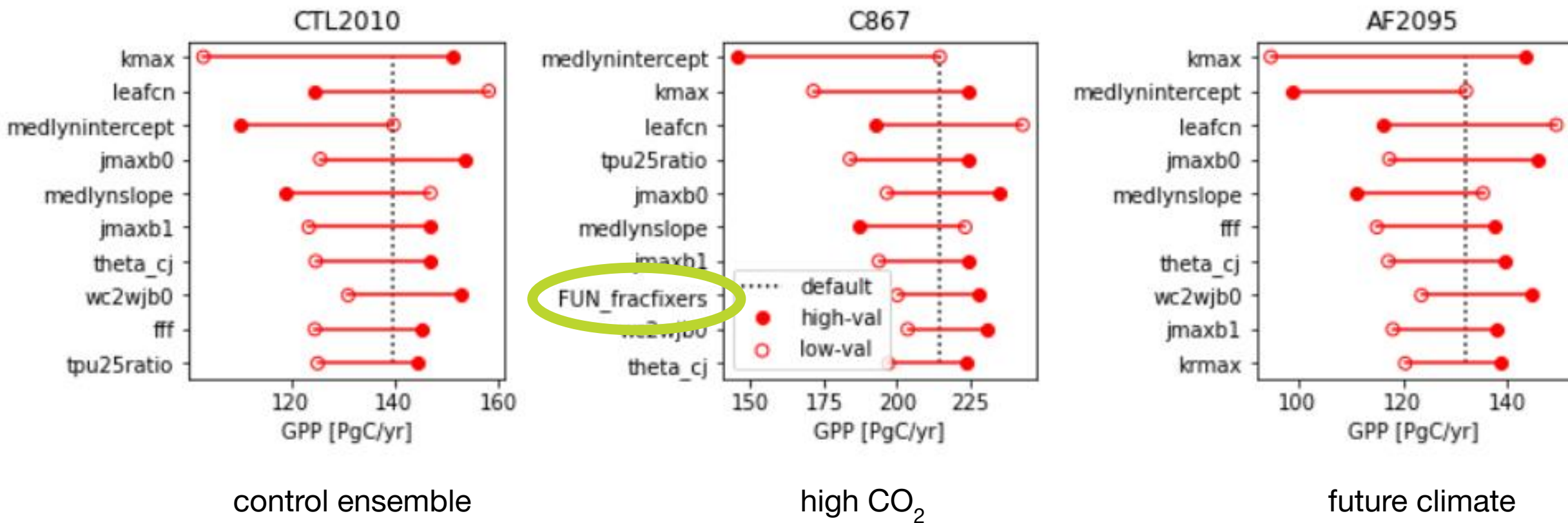




## Which parameters have the largest effect on GPP?

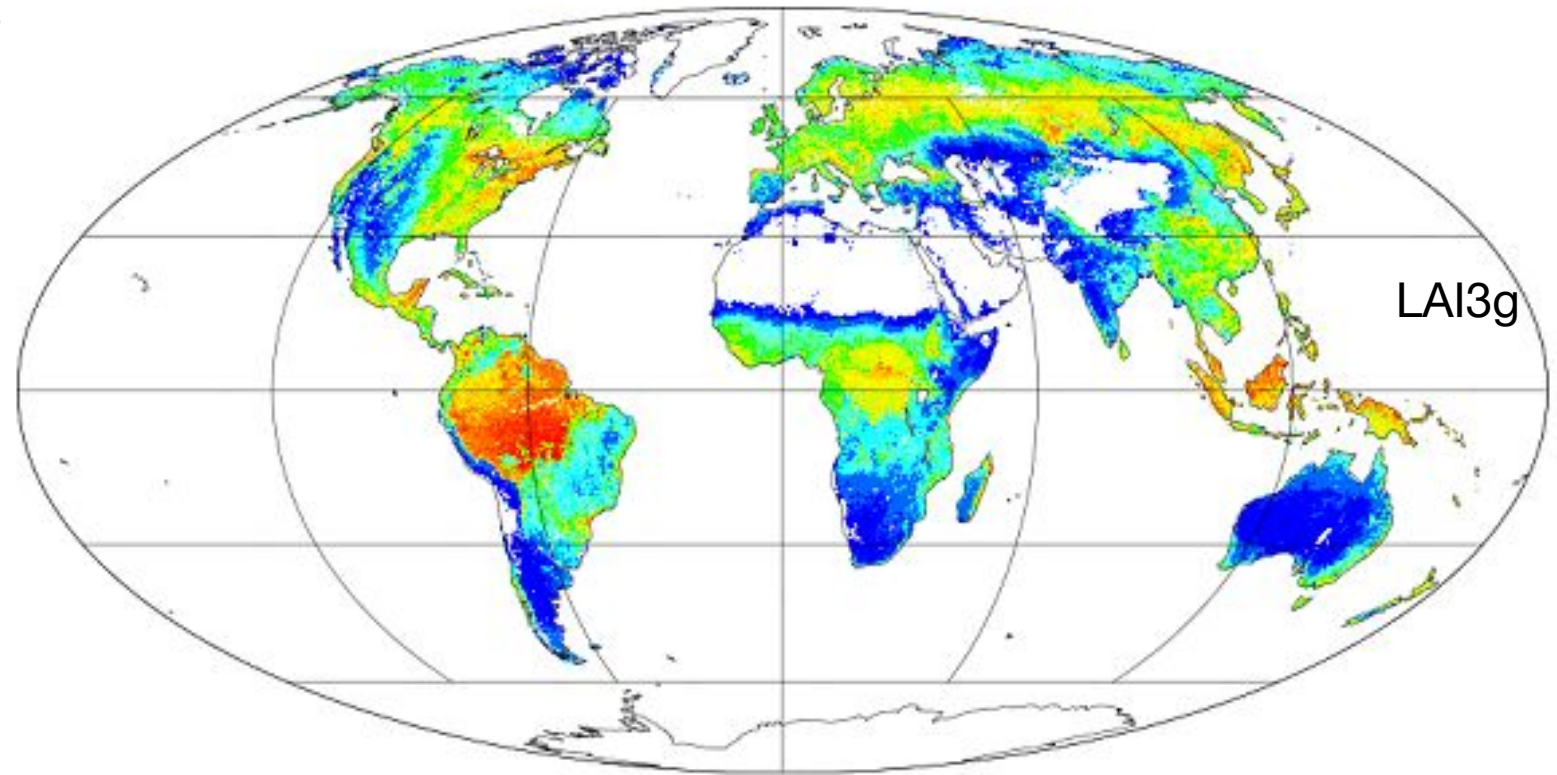


## Which parameters have the largest effect on GPP?



# LAI calibration

1. Subset 32 parameters
2. Run repeat ensemble
3. Discern optimal parameter set(s)



<https://doi.org/10.3334/ORNLDAAAC/1653>

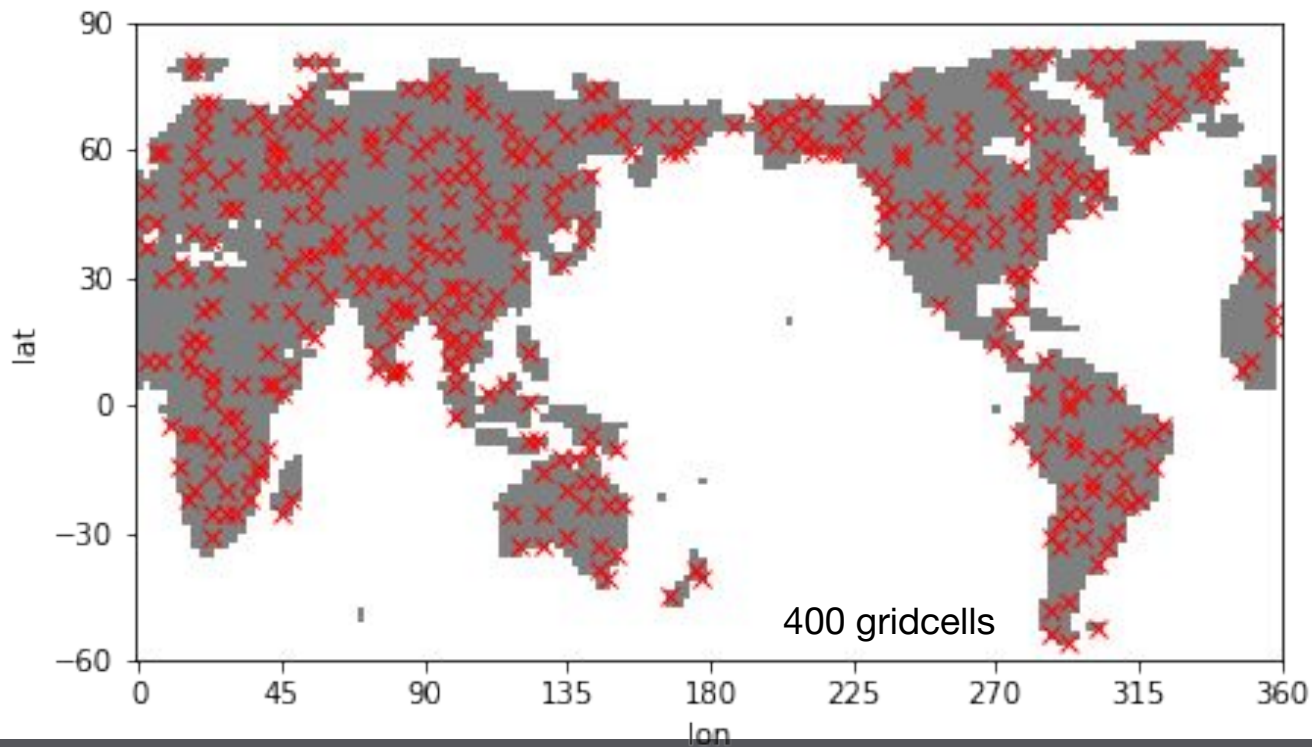
# Cost management

1deg= 21013 gridcells

2deg= 5666 gridcells

400 gridcells can reasonably replicate global mean, stdev, and transient model output

(see Hoffman et al. 2013, *Landscape Ecology*)



Forrest Hoffmann and Nate Collier

**50x reduction from sparsegrid**

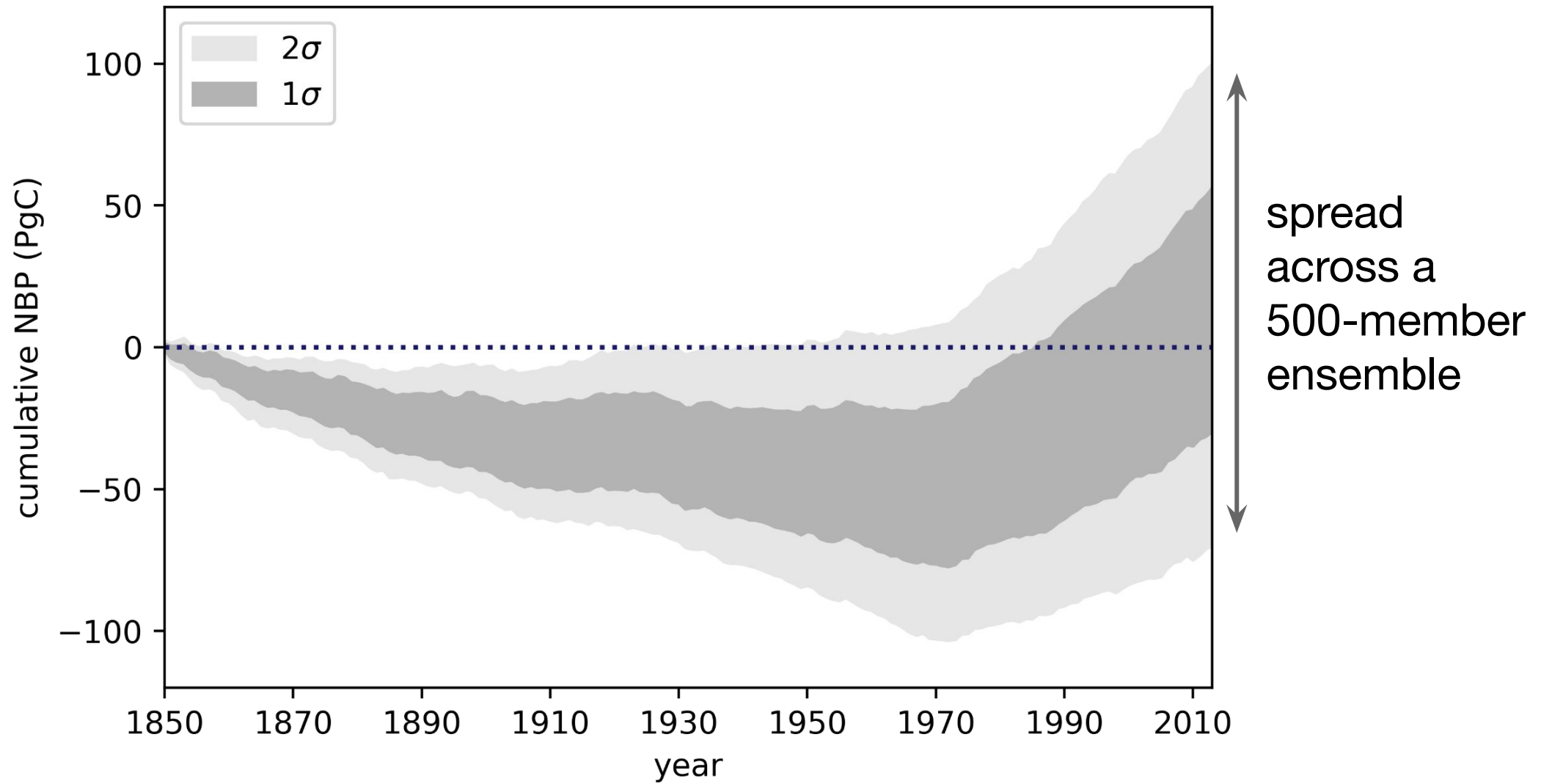
**another >10x reduction via CN-matrix**

Lu et al. 2020

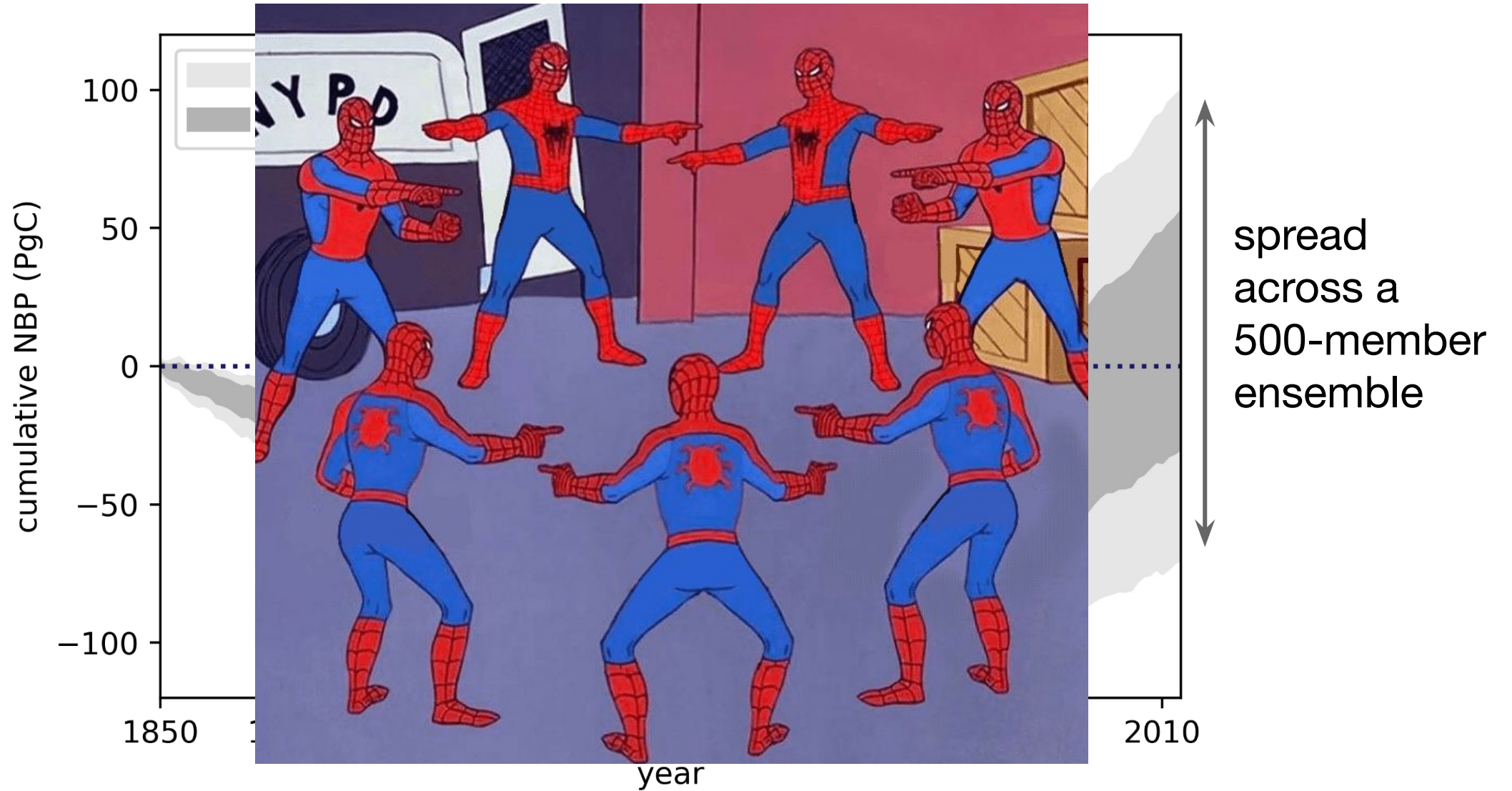
**2 million pe-hours →  
3000 simulations (CLM5-PPE)**



# Parametric uncertainty in the land carbon sink

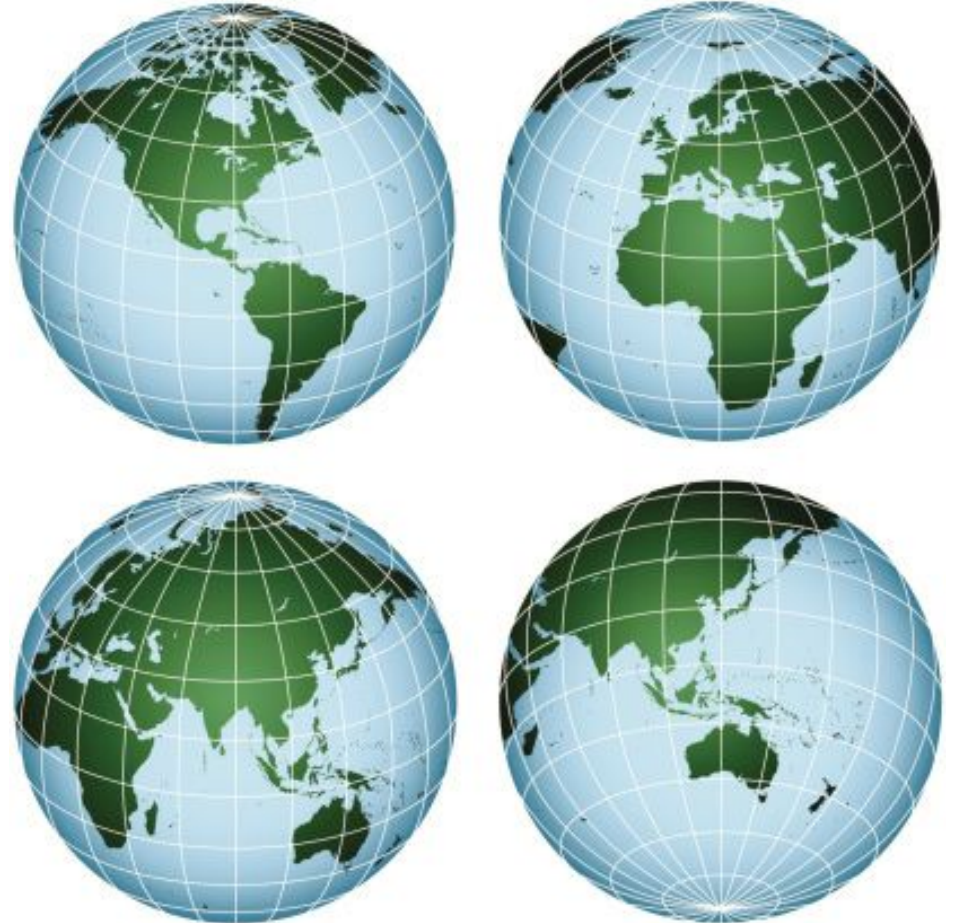


# Parametric uncertainty in the land carbon sink



# CLM PPE Coordinated Projects

- Land-atmosphere interactions (Univ Washington)
- FATES PPE (NCAR)
- NEON site calibration (Auburn Univ)
- ET recession timescales (Oregon State)
- Arctic river flow (NCAR)
- Land influence on drought (NCAR)
- Hydrologic sensitivity (Cornell Univ)
- Tropical carbon cycle interannual variability (JPL)
- GPP response to permafrost thaw (NAU)

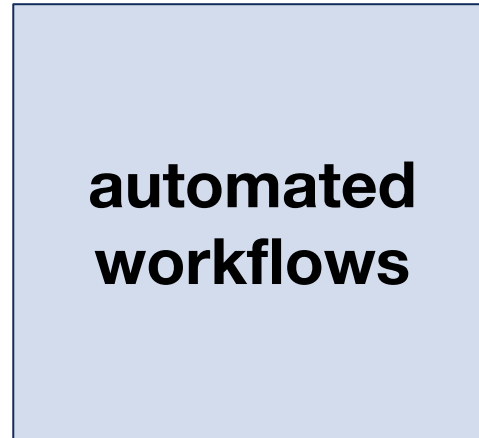




**fast model**

**observations**

**sound  
numerical  
methods**

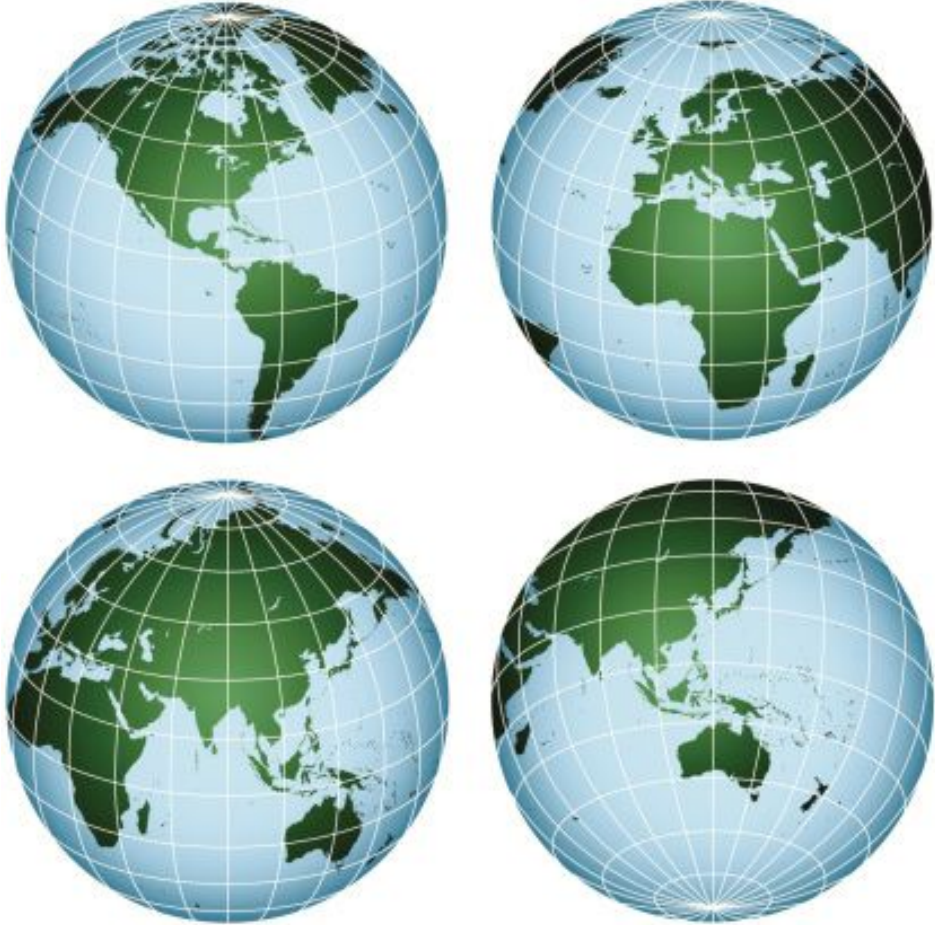


**parameter  
insights**

**quick  
repeatable  
transparent**

**parameter  
ranges**

# Conclusions

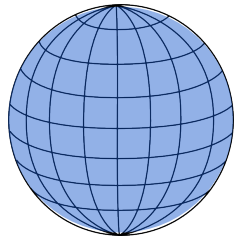
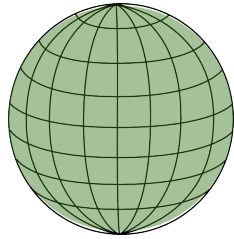
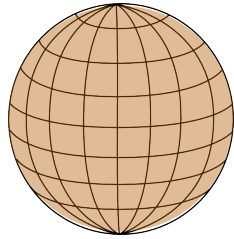
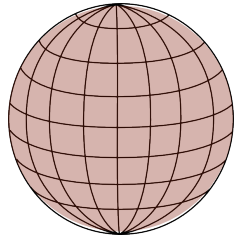


- We are able to run large ensembles of CLM
  - 2500+ simulations with BGC
  - investing in the infrastructure this easy/repeatable
- Two valuable community datasets
  - one-at-a-time perturbations (200 params)
  - latin hypercube perturbations [LAI] (32 params)
- PPE working group meets ~monthly
  - email [dlawren@ucar.edu](mailto:dlawren@ucar.edu) to join the list



[github.com/djk2120/ppe\\_tools](https://github.com/djk2120/ppe_tools)  
[github.com/djk2120/clm5ppe](https://github.com/djk2120/clm5ppe)

# Conclusions



- PPE's are a valuable tool for learning about a model
- Optimize computer and human resources
- Need more transparency in model tuning



[github.com/djk2120/ppe\\_tools](https://github.com/djk2120/ppe_tools)  
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