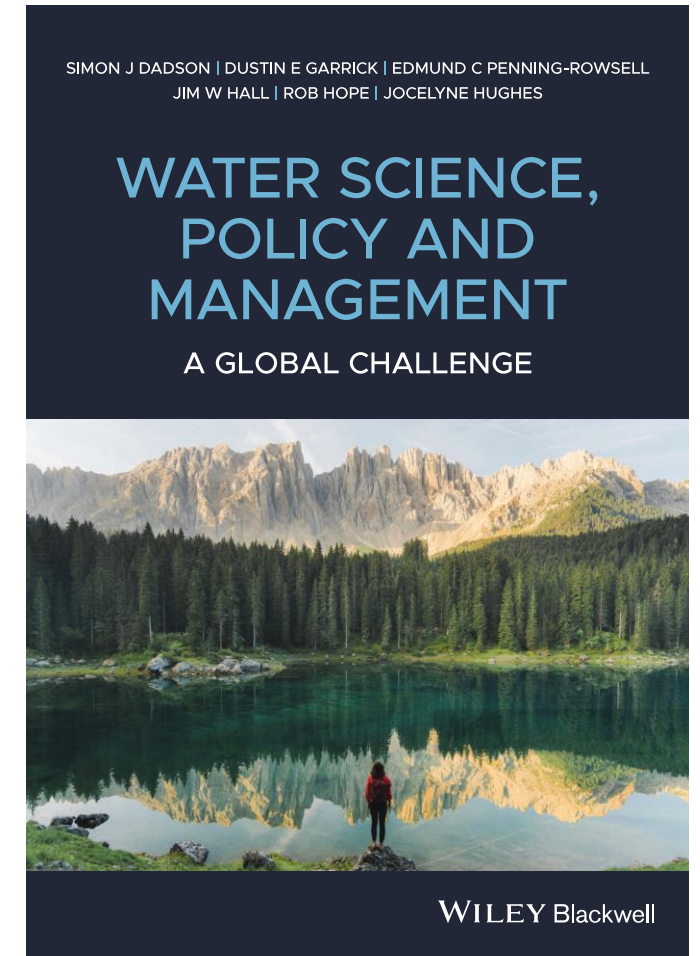

Prediction and trends in hydro-meteorological hazards

Simon Dadson
UKCEH and University of Oxford



Motivation

- Critical human impacts and interactions take place at the land-atmosphere interface
- Improved scientific understanding of land hydrology requires interdisciplinary collaboration
- New and extended observational and modelling capability are needed to address these questions



Hydro-meteorological hazards and global change

- Climate and land-cover change
- New modelling and observational capabilities
- Coupled natural and human hazards



 HM Government

National Flood Resilience
Review



**UN CLIMATE
CHANGE
CONFERENCE
UK 2021**

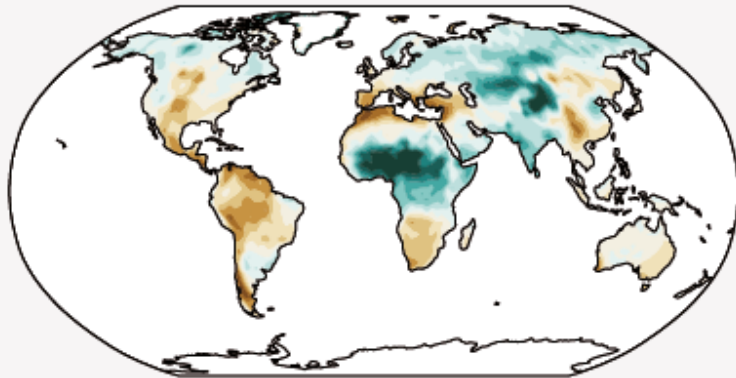
IN PARTNERSHIP WITH ITALY

IPCC Summary for Policymakers Change in Soil Moisture due to Global Warming

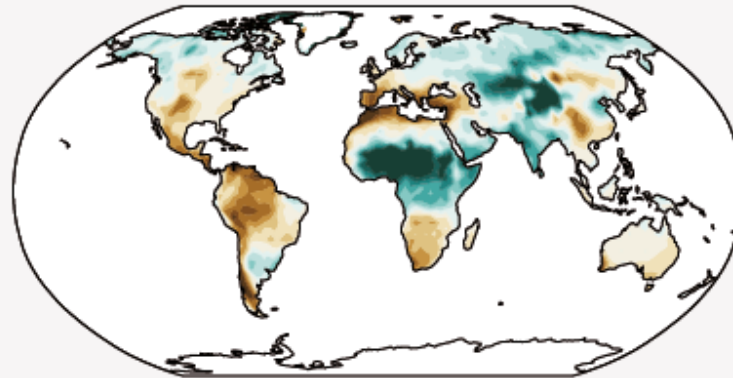
(d) Annual mean total column soil moisture change (standard deviation)

Across warming levels, changes in soil moisture largely follow changes in precipitation but also show some differences due to the influence of evapotranspiration.

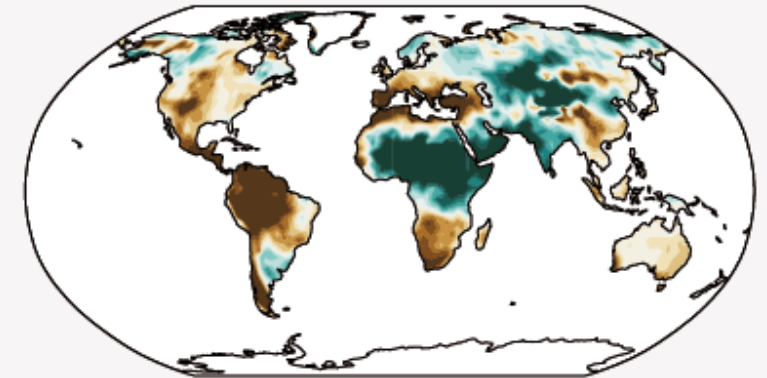
Simulated change at 1.5°C global warming



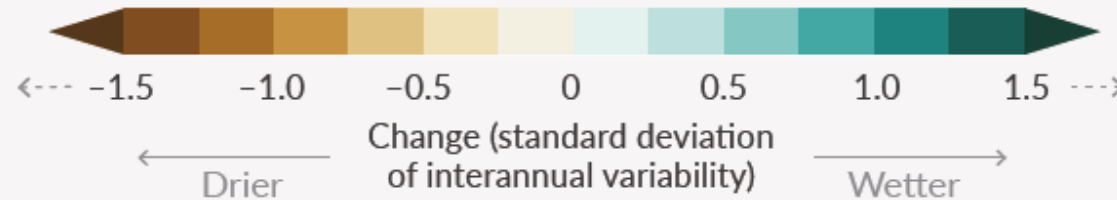
Simulated change at 2°C global warming



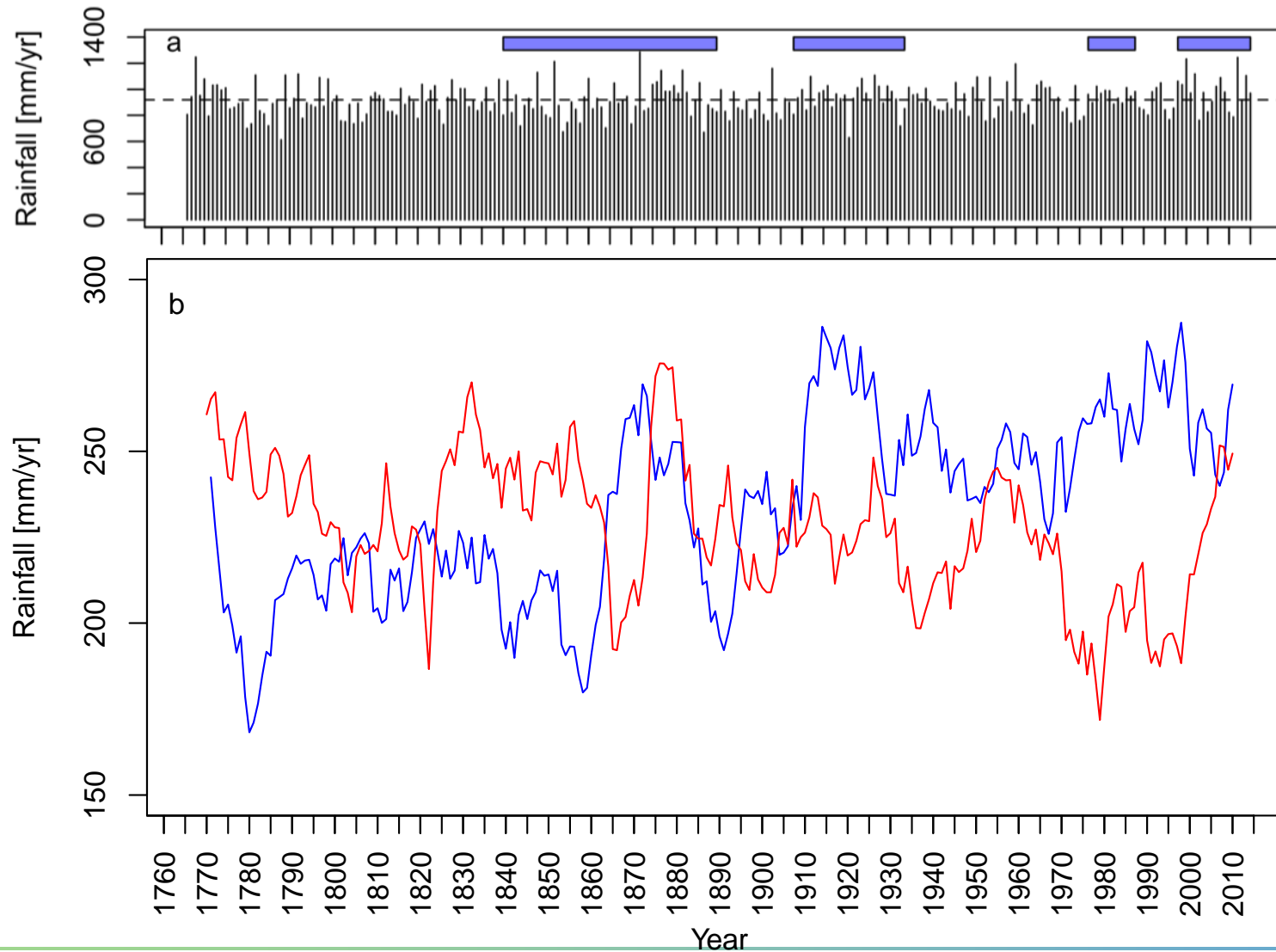
Simulated change at 4°C global warming



Relatively small absolute changes may appear large when expressed in units of standard deviation in dry regions with little interannual variability in baseline conditions.



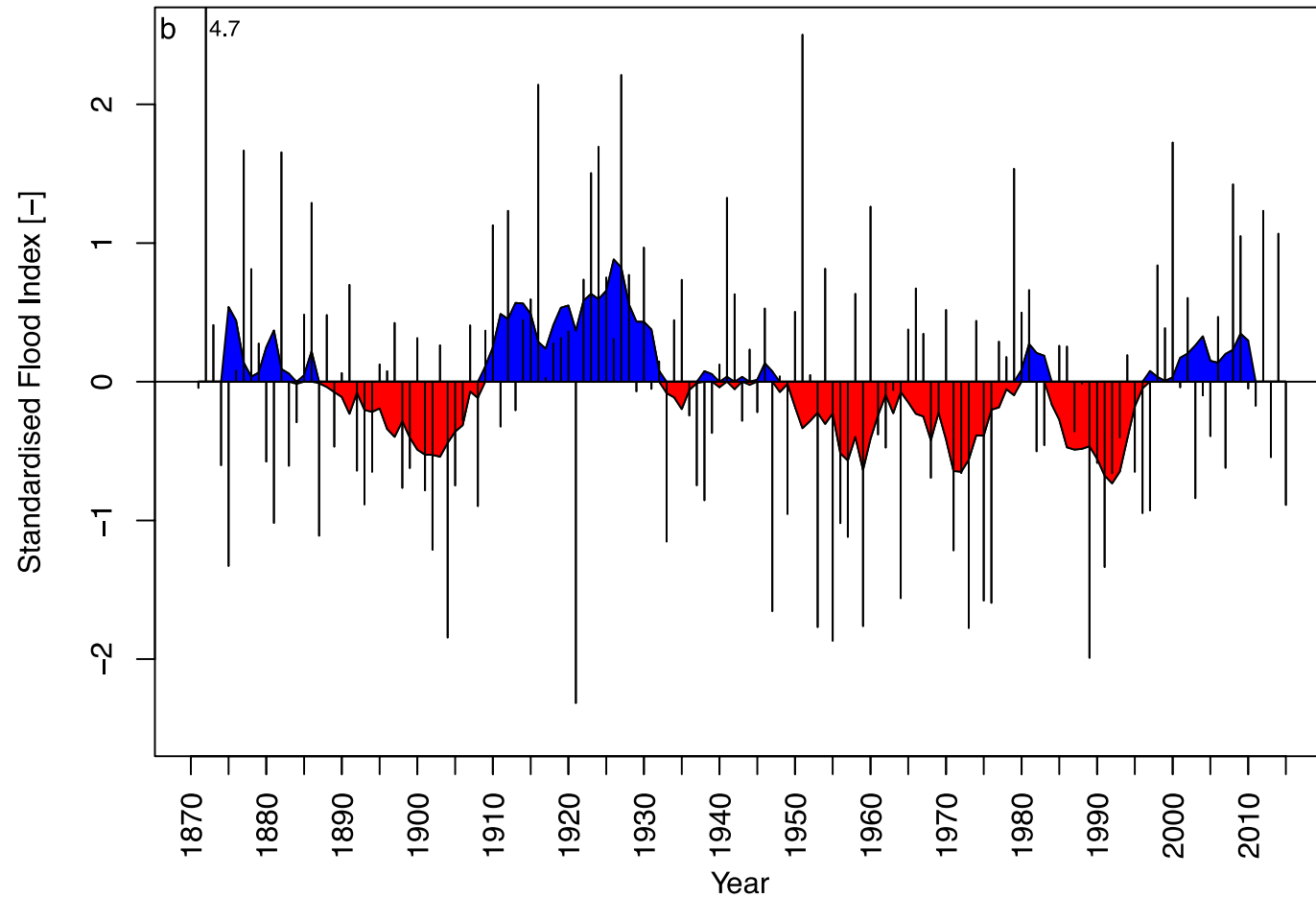
England and Wales precipitation (1776-2015)



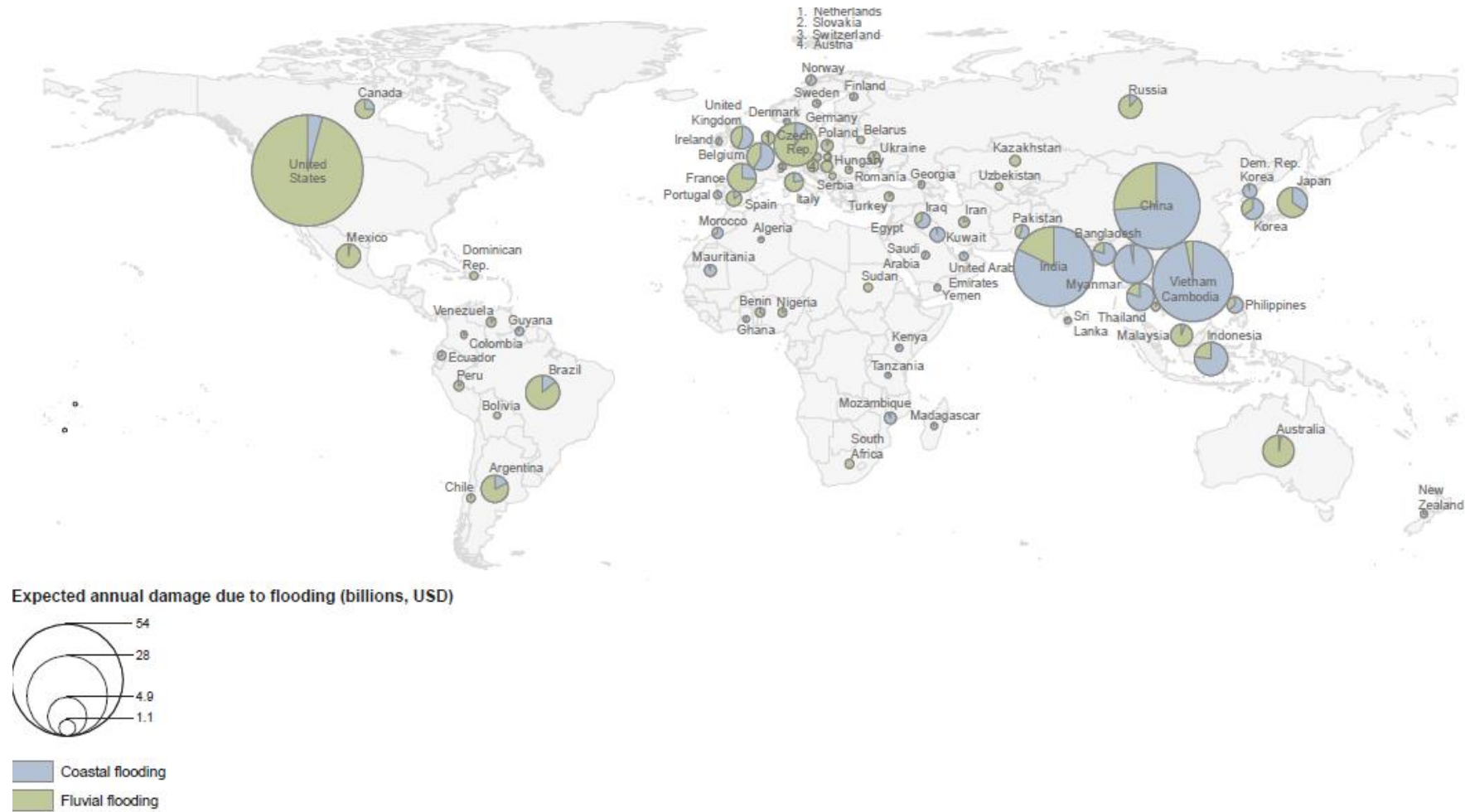
Blue, winter (DJF); Red, summer (JJA)

Data: Alexander and Jones (2001);
<http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/hadobs/hadukp/>.

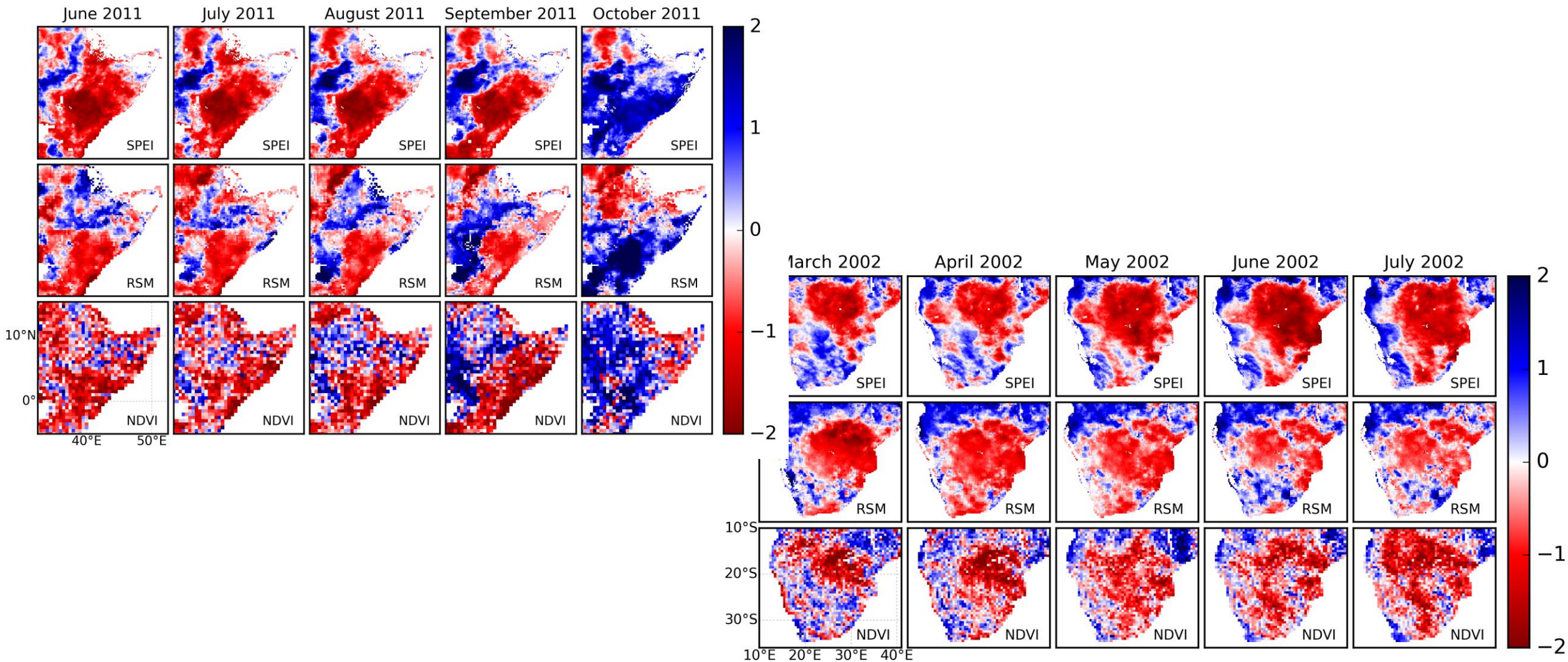
Flood-rich and flood-poor periods in the historical record



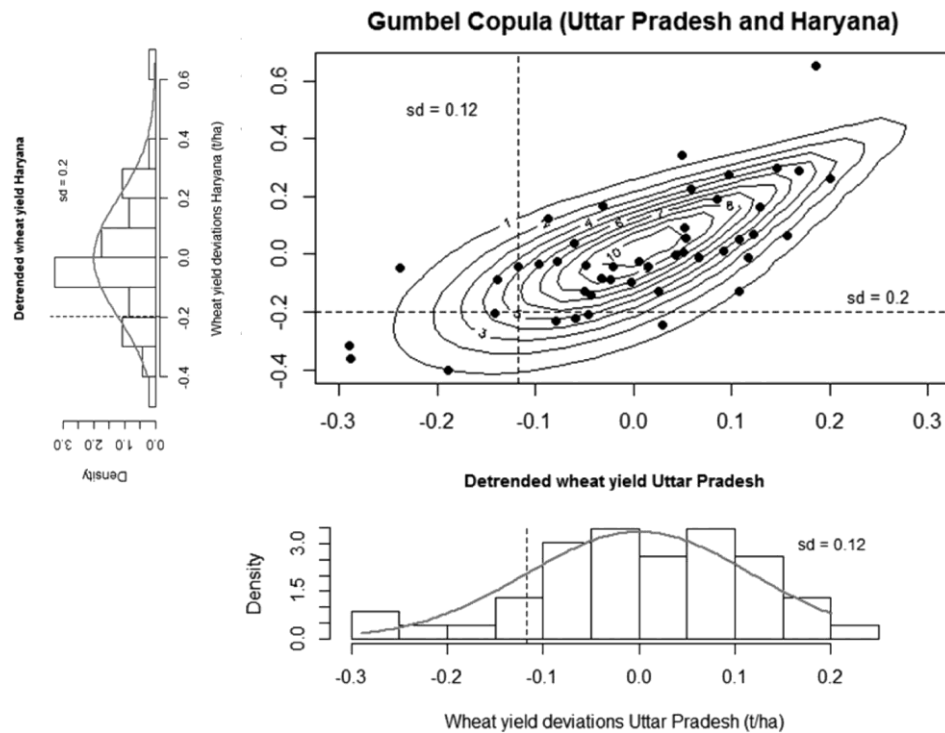
Worldwide flood losses



2011 East Africa Drought & 2002 Southern African Drought



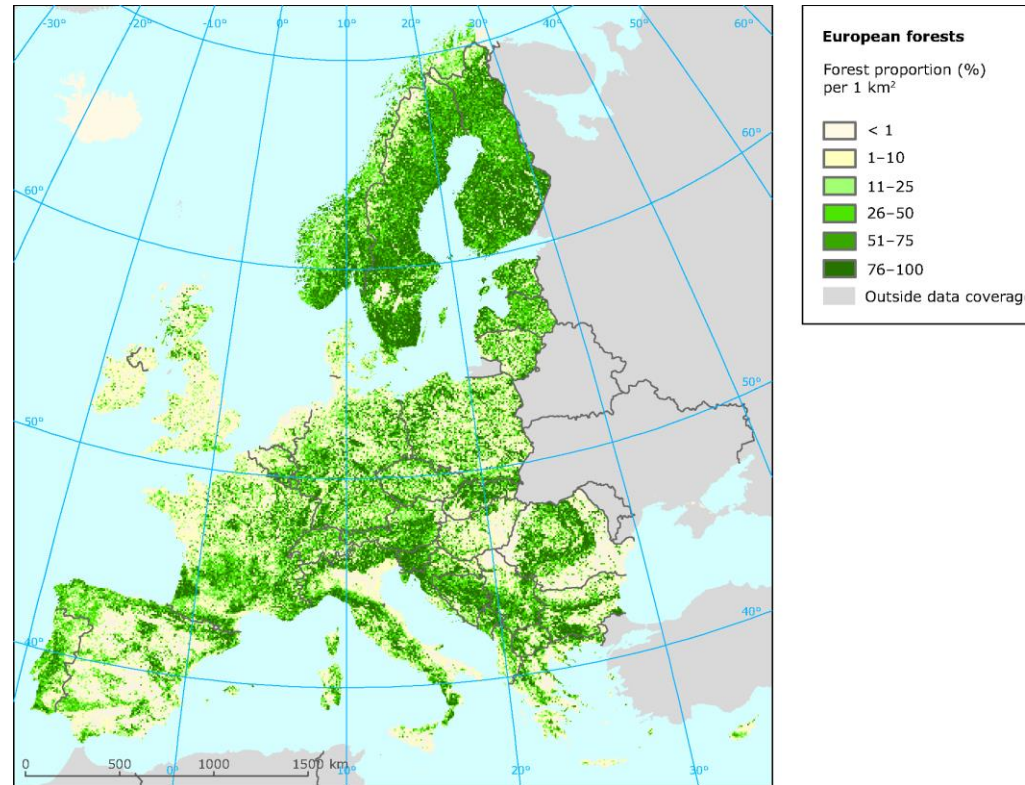
Correlated hydrological risks



Gaupp, F., Pflug, G., Hochrainer-Stigler, S., Hall, J., and Dadson, S. J. 2016. Dependency of crop production between global breadbaskets: A copula approach for the assessment of global and regional risk pools. *Risk Analysis* 10.1111/risa.12761

- Simultaneous drought poses serious threat to food and water security
- Variable dependency structure between major crop-producing regions
- Potential for inter-regional risk-pooling strategies

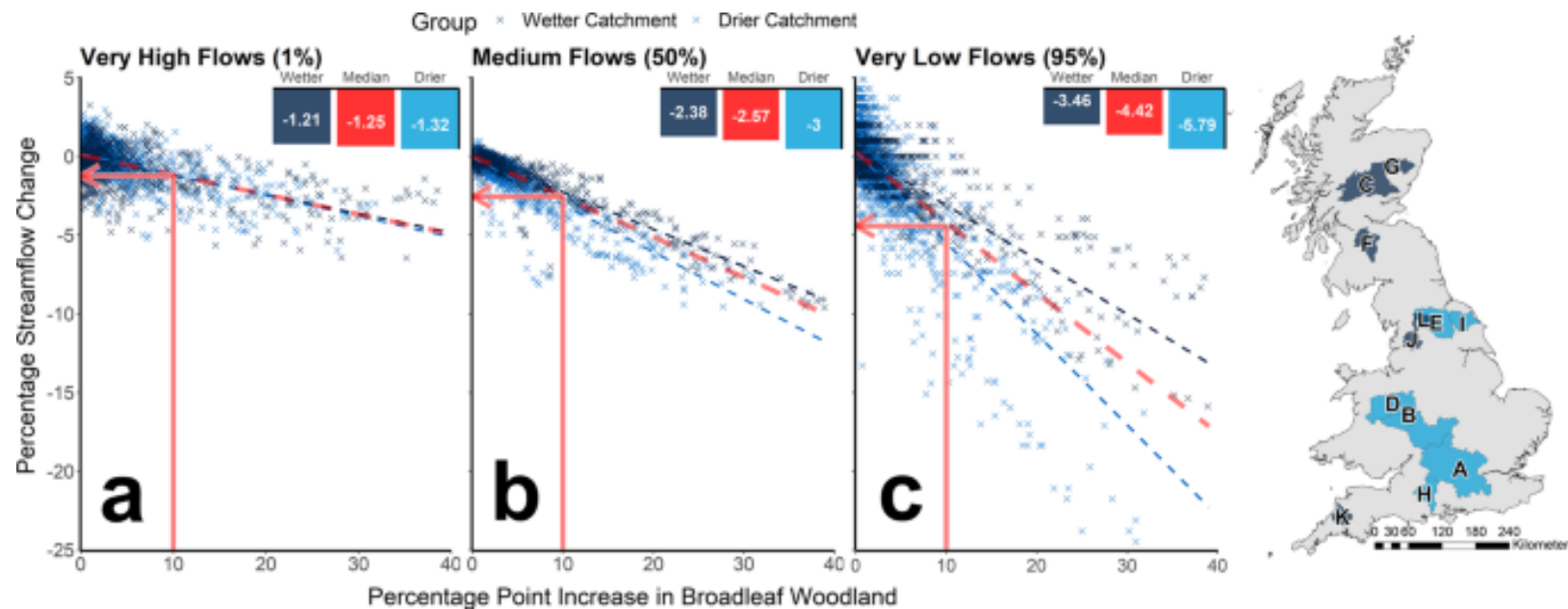
Land cover and land management



- Prehistoric forest cover of most of the UK
- Reduced to 6% in 1930s; currently 12% (2007)
- Post-1950 intensification of farming practices

Effect of afforestation on high, median and low flows across Great Britain

- Afforestation consistently decreases median and low streamflow.
- Median modelled flow reduced by ~3% for each ten-percentage point increase in catchment broadleaf woodland.
- No nationally-consistent reduction of extreme floods.



Model Development Priorities



Groundwater



Soil hydraulics



Evaporation



Inundation



Anthropogenic influences



Uncertainties in process chain



Interoperable components

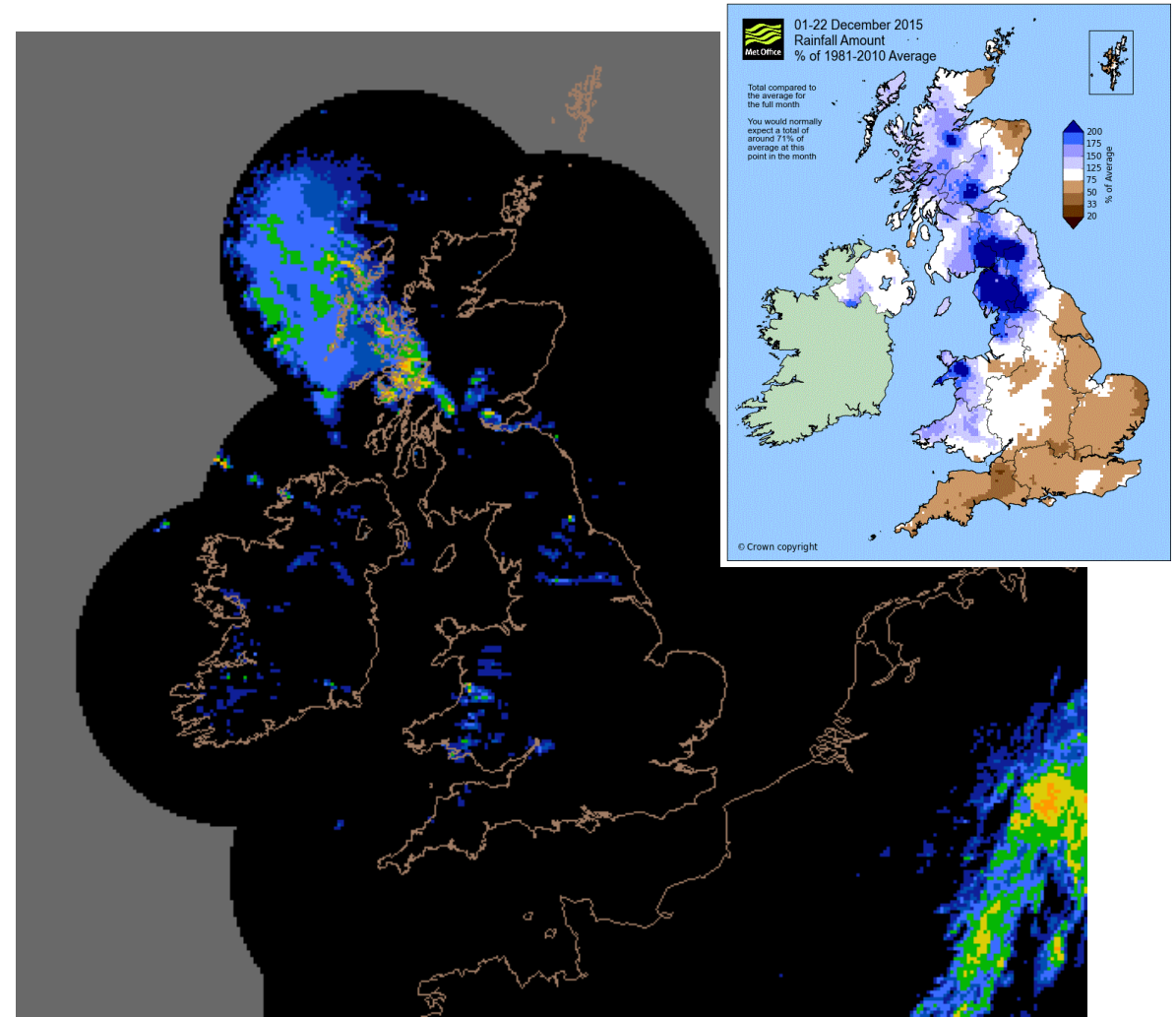


Data assimilation from novel sources

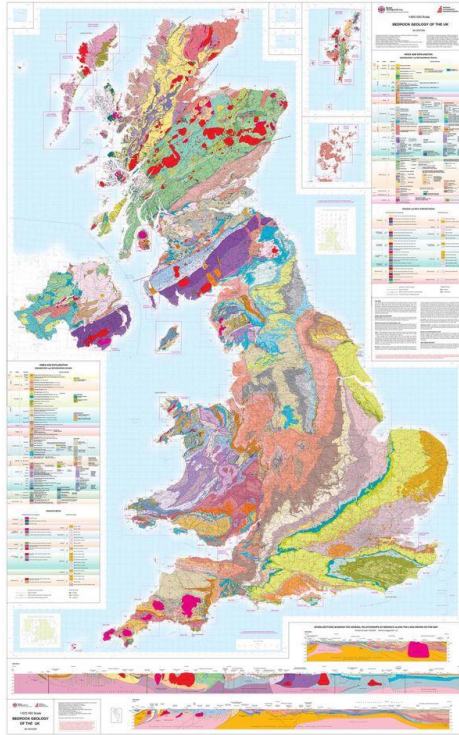


Radar precipitation estimates for hydrological modelling

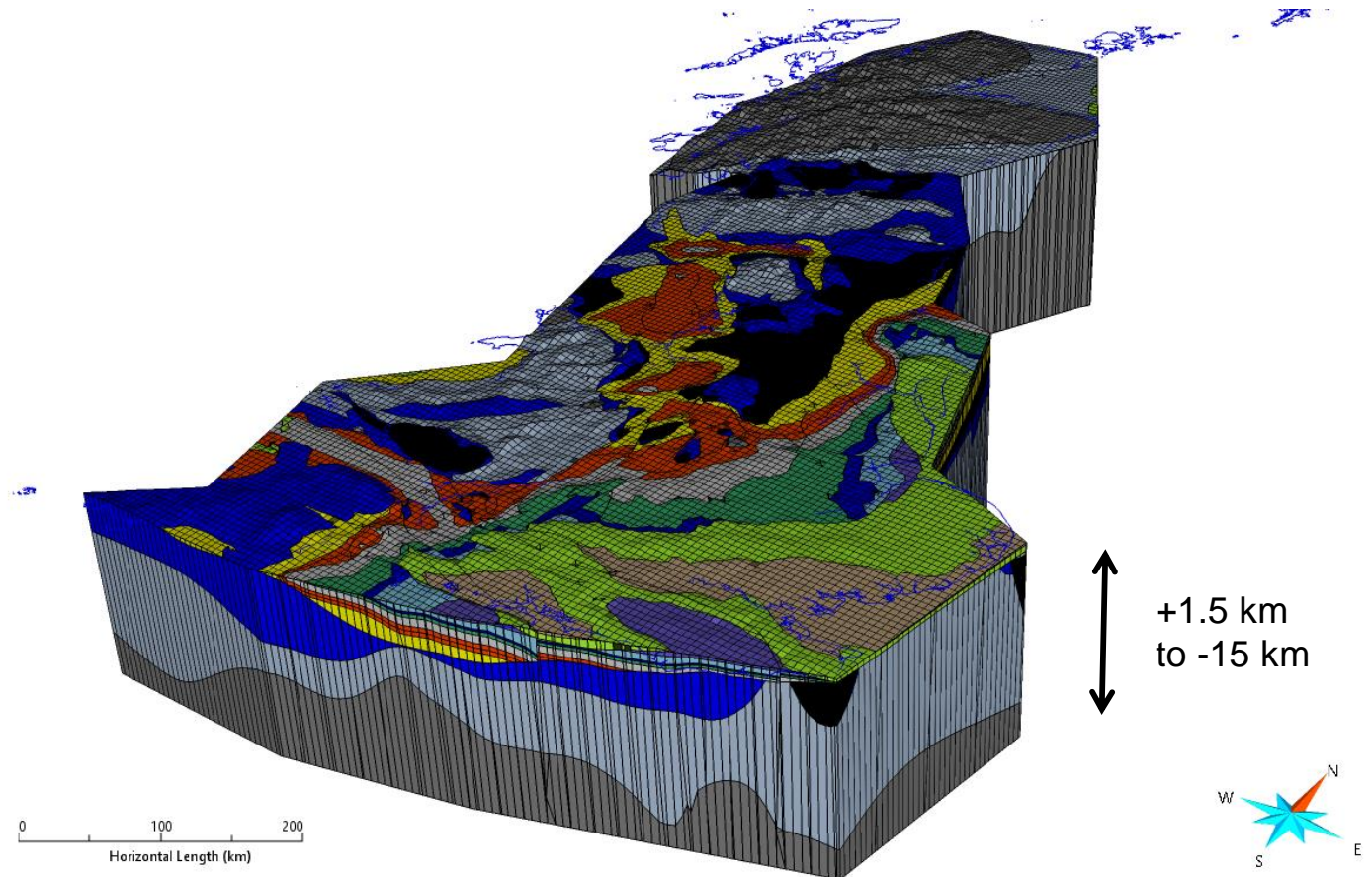
- High-resolution precip data
- X-Band polarimetric radar
- Improved accuracy for QPE



3D Geological Framework Model



1:625,000 scale mapping



+1.5 km
to -15 km

Soil moisture assimilation from *in situ* and satellite sources

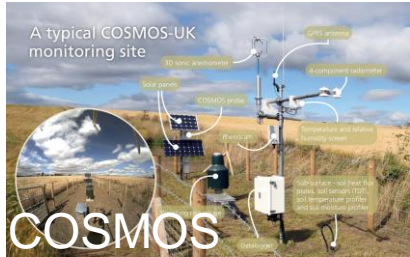
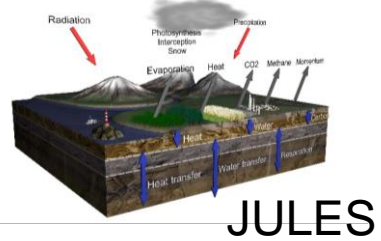


Image credit: UKCEH / COSMOS-UK



JULES



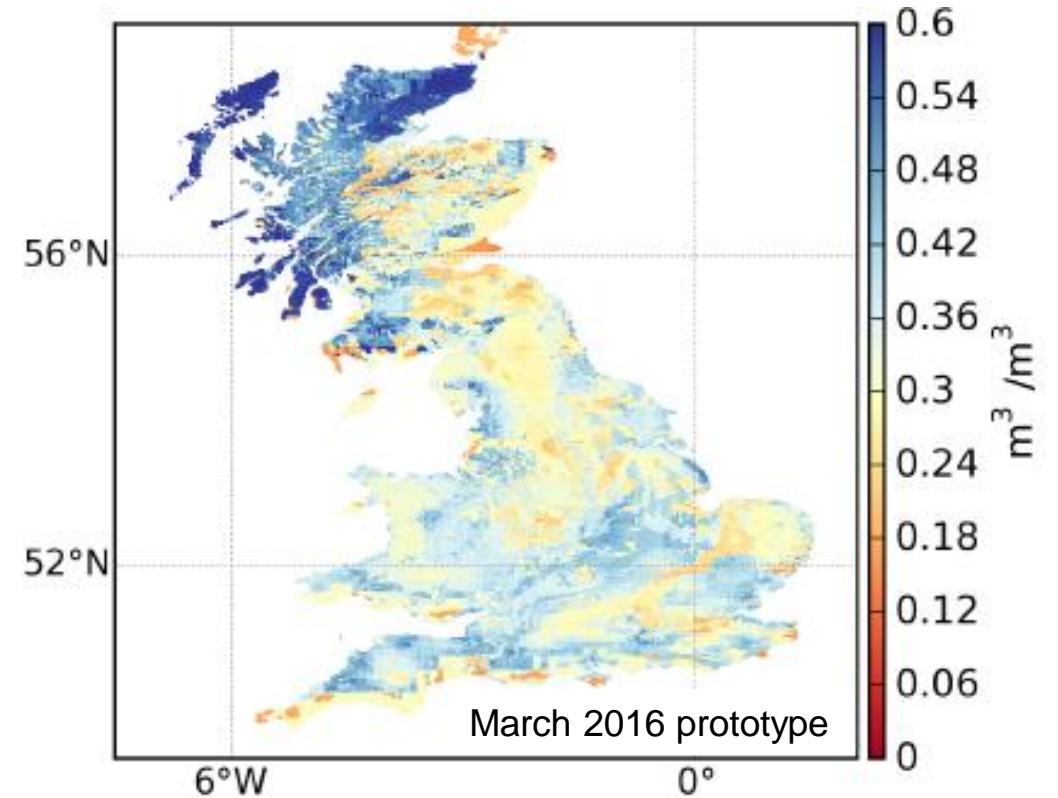
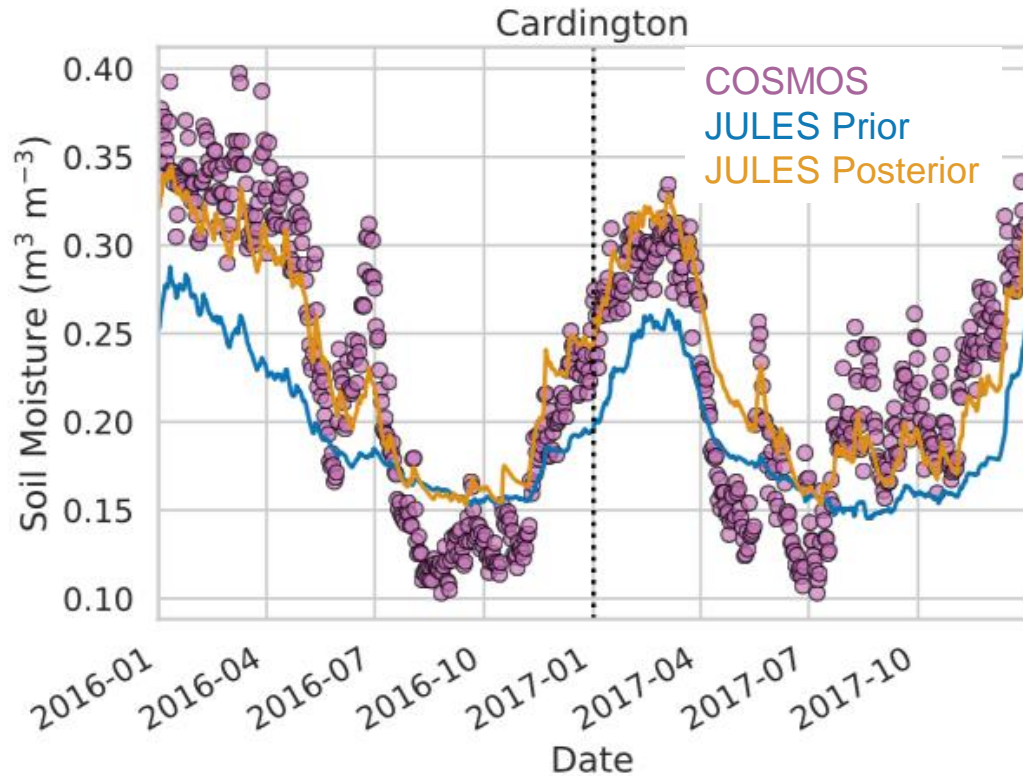
SMOS



SMAP

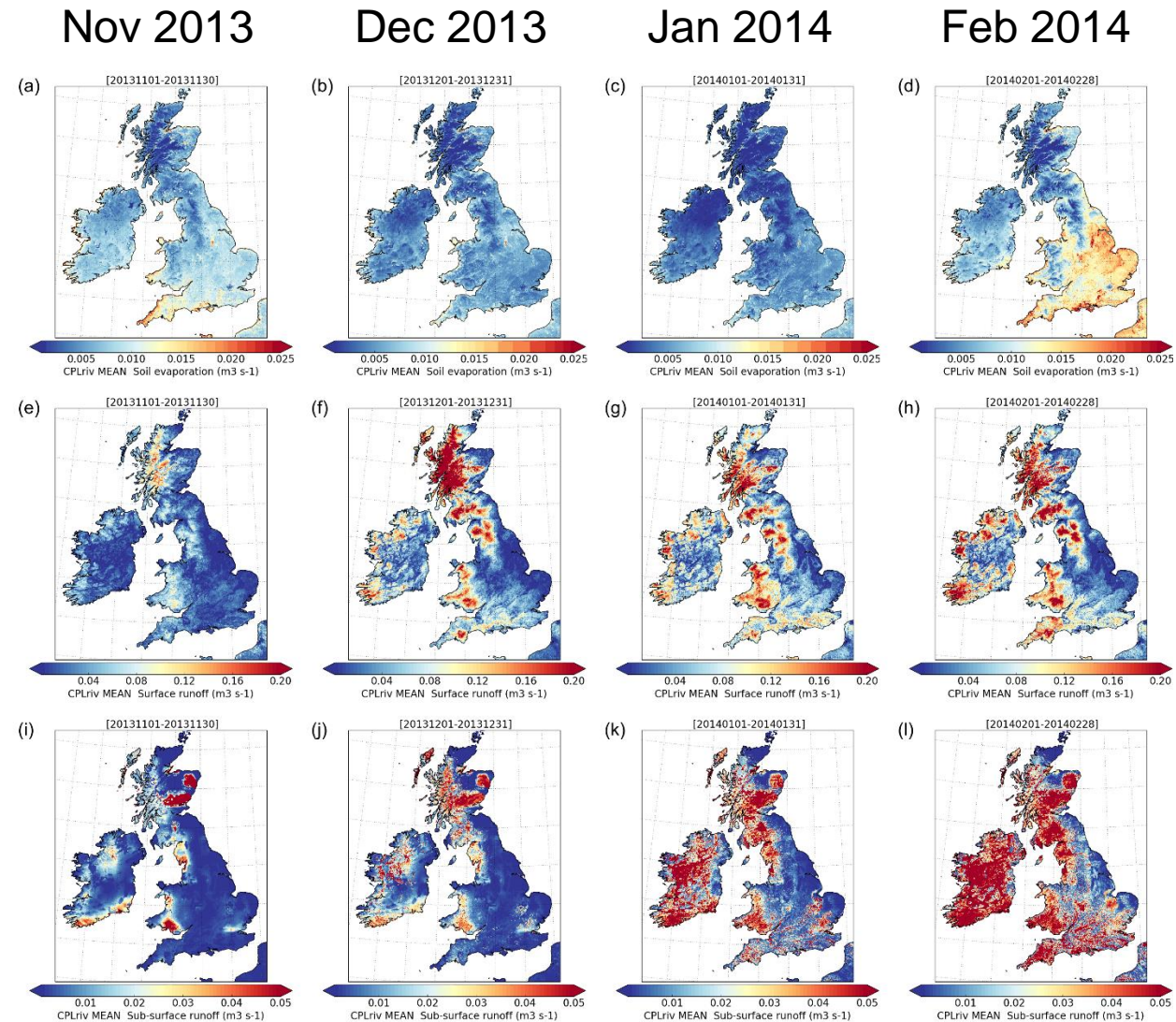


Sentinel-1

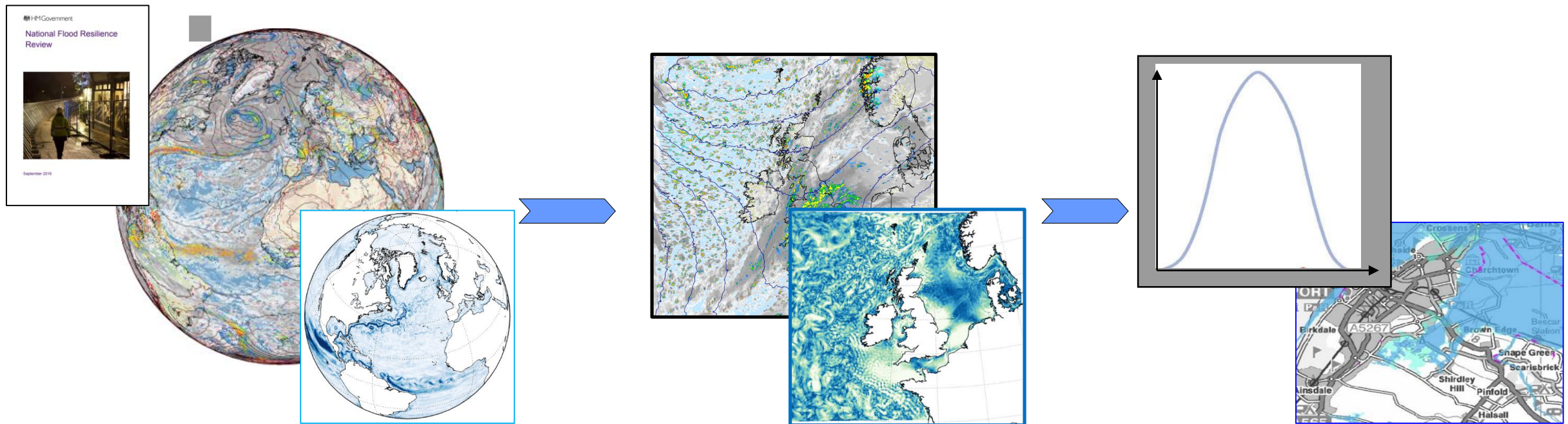


Coupled atmosphere – land – ocean model

- UK 2013/14 floods
- Integrated atmosphere, land, ocean study at 1.5 km (UKV)
- UM, JULES & NEMO
- Next phase:
 - Inundation extent
 - Anthropogenic effects
 - Macronutrient transport



Towards seamless hydrological predictions



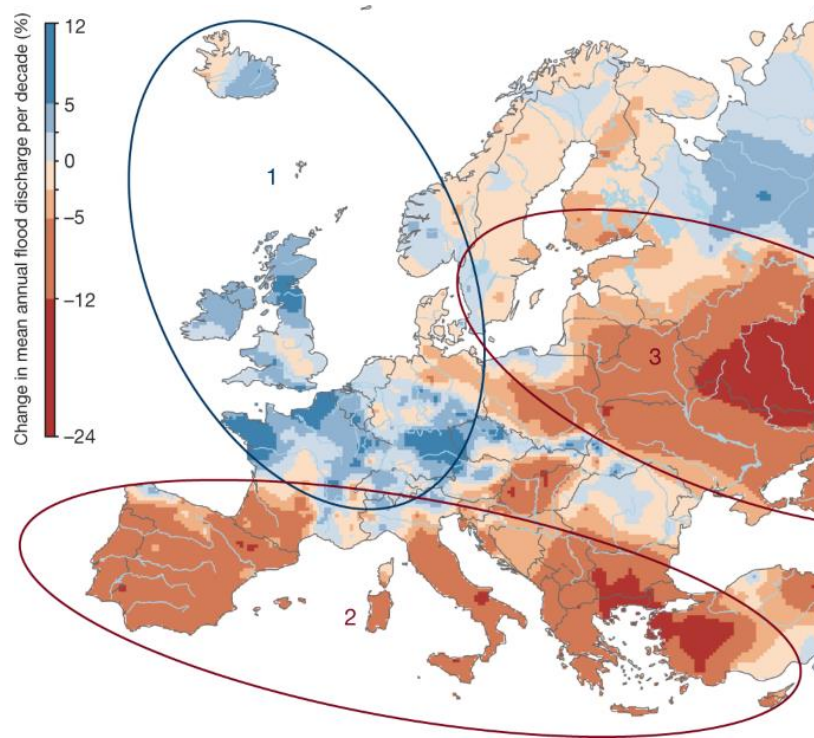
**Synoptic-scale drivers
in atmosphere, land
and ocean**

**Local meteorology,
surface and sea state**

**PDF of local hazard:
Impacts**



Emerging challenges in modelling hydro-meteorological hazards



- Climate change
- Monitoring and modelling
- Coupled natural hazards

Q&A

Simon Dadson (sjdad@ceh.ac.uk)

@SimonDadson www.hydro-jules.org