

# Monitoring Soil Moisture from Space

Dr Maliko Tanguy





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- 1) Soil Moisture from Space
- 2) The challenge
- 3) Hydro-JULES soil moisture
- 4) Future work



# Index

## 1) Soil Moisture from Space

2) The challenge

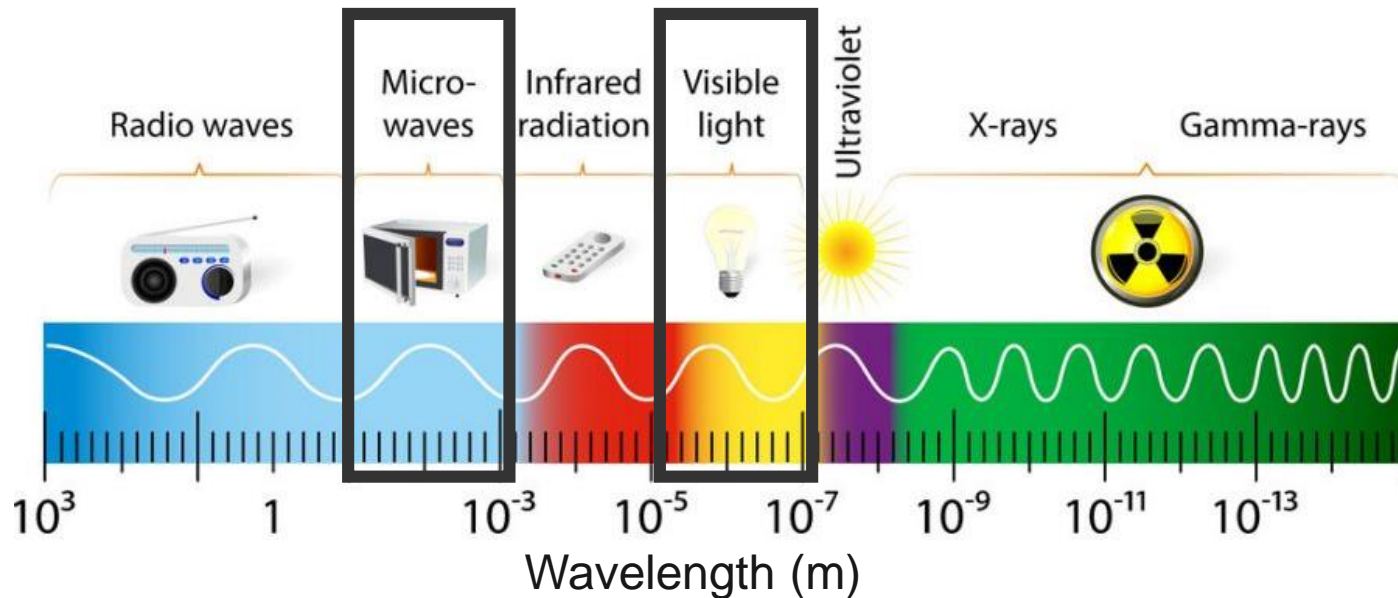
3) Hydro-JULES soil moisture

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# Approaches to measure SM from space

**Remote sensing:** technique to observe the earth surface or the atmosphere from satellites or aircrafts.

It uses the **electromagnetic spectrum**. It records the electromagnetic energy reflected or emitted by the earth's surface.



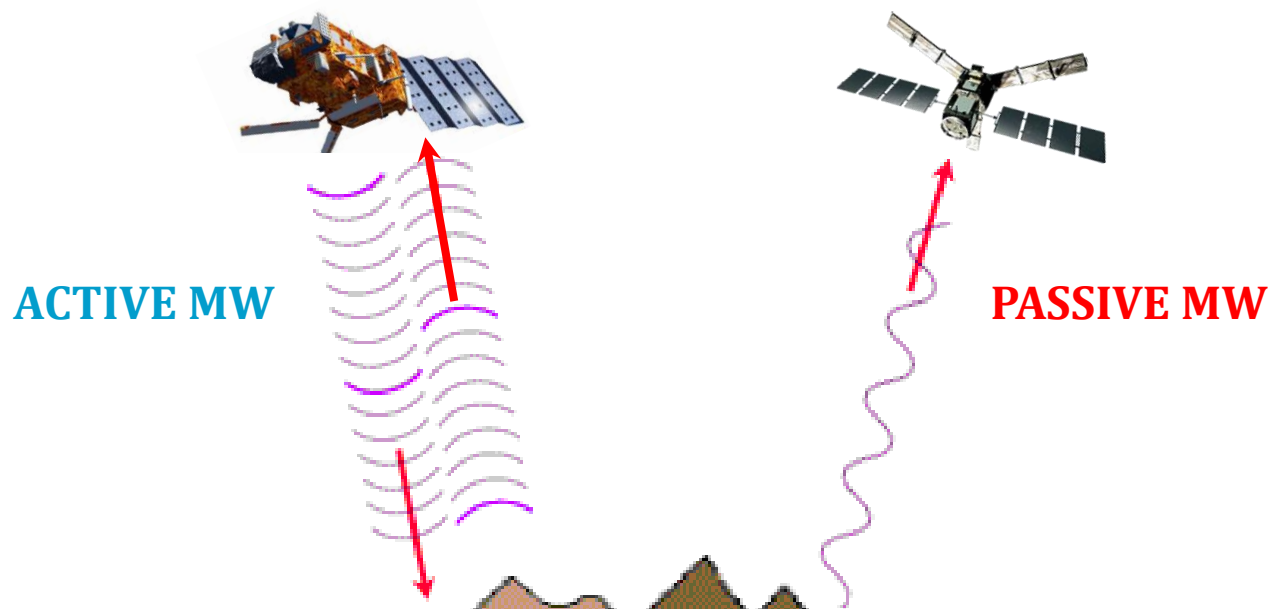
**Microwave (MW) signal:** → can go through clouds, dust, rain  
→ penetrates a few cm below surface



# Active MW vs. Passive MW

**Active microwave:** a microwave pulse is sent and received. The power of the received signal is compared to that which was sent to determine the backscattering coefficient of the surface.

**Passive microwave:** natural thermal emission of land surface (or brightness temperature) is measured at microwave wavelengths, using a radiometer.



# ALGORITHMS

**Active  
MW**

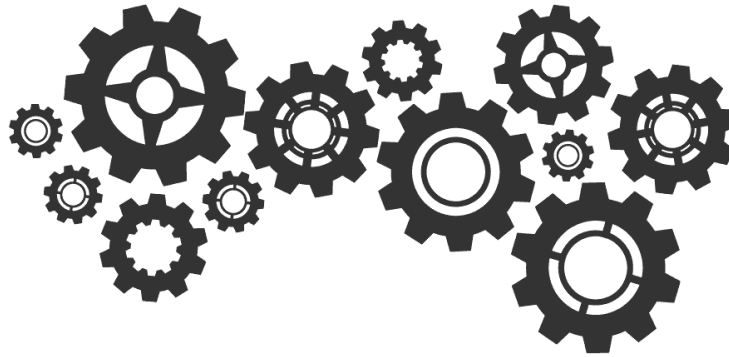


Surface  
reflectivity  
~ dielectric  
constant



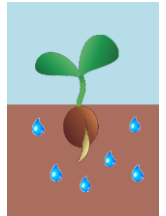
**Passive  
MW**

Physical  
Semi-  
empirical  
Empirical



- Higher spatial resolution.
- Low temporal resolution

**Soil  
Moisture**



ACCURACY affected by:

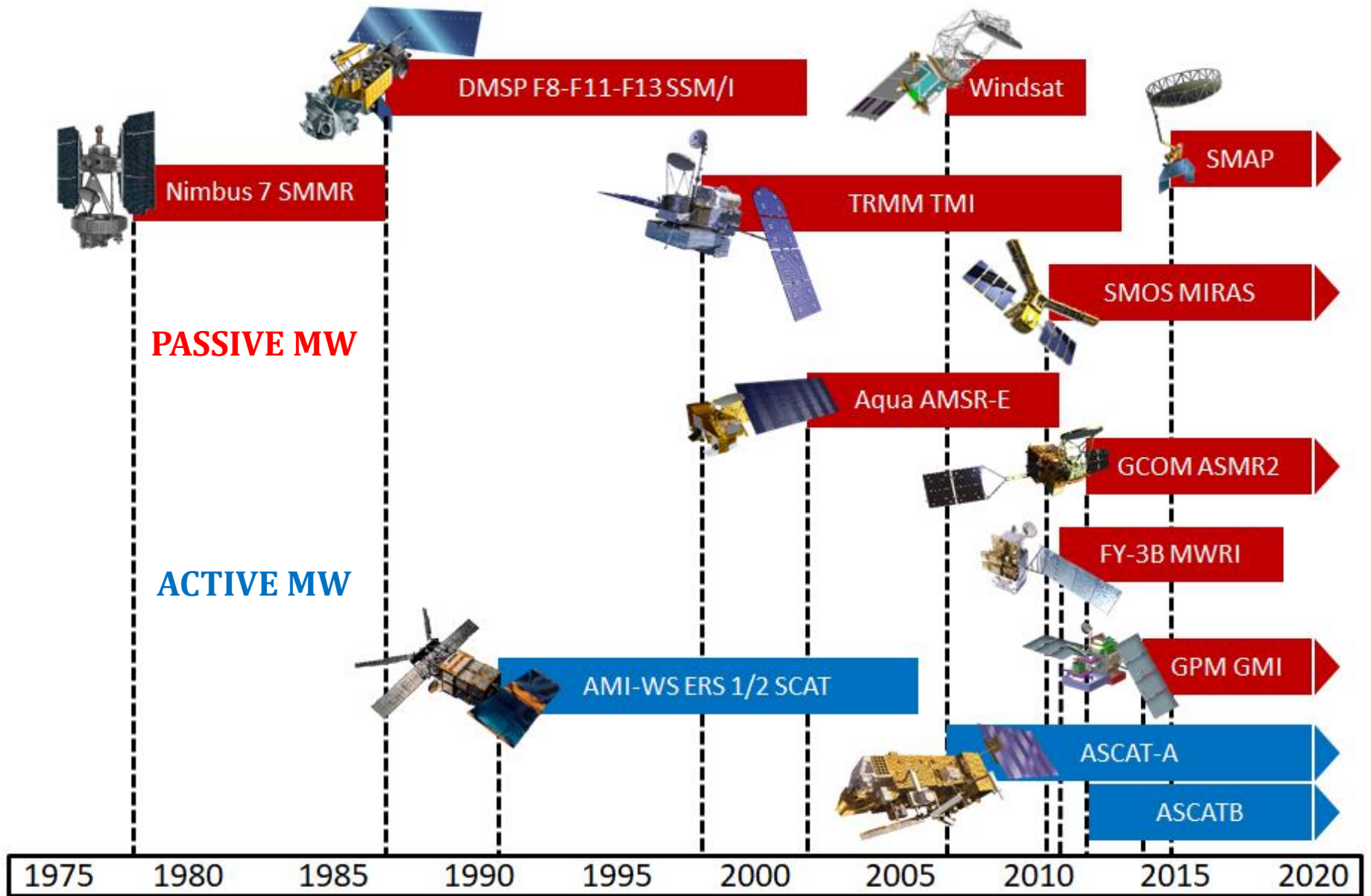
Vegetation

Surface  
roughness

MW  
wavelength

View angle

- More accurate.
- Higher temporal resolution
- Lower spatial resolution





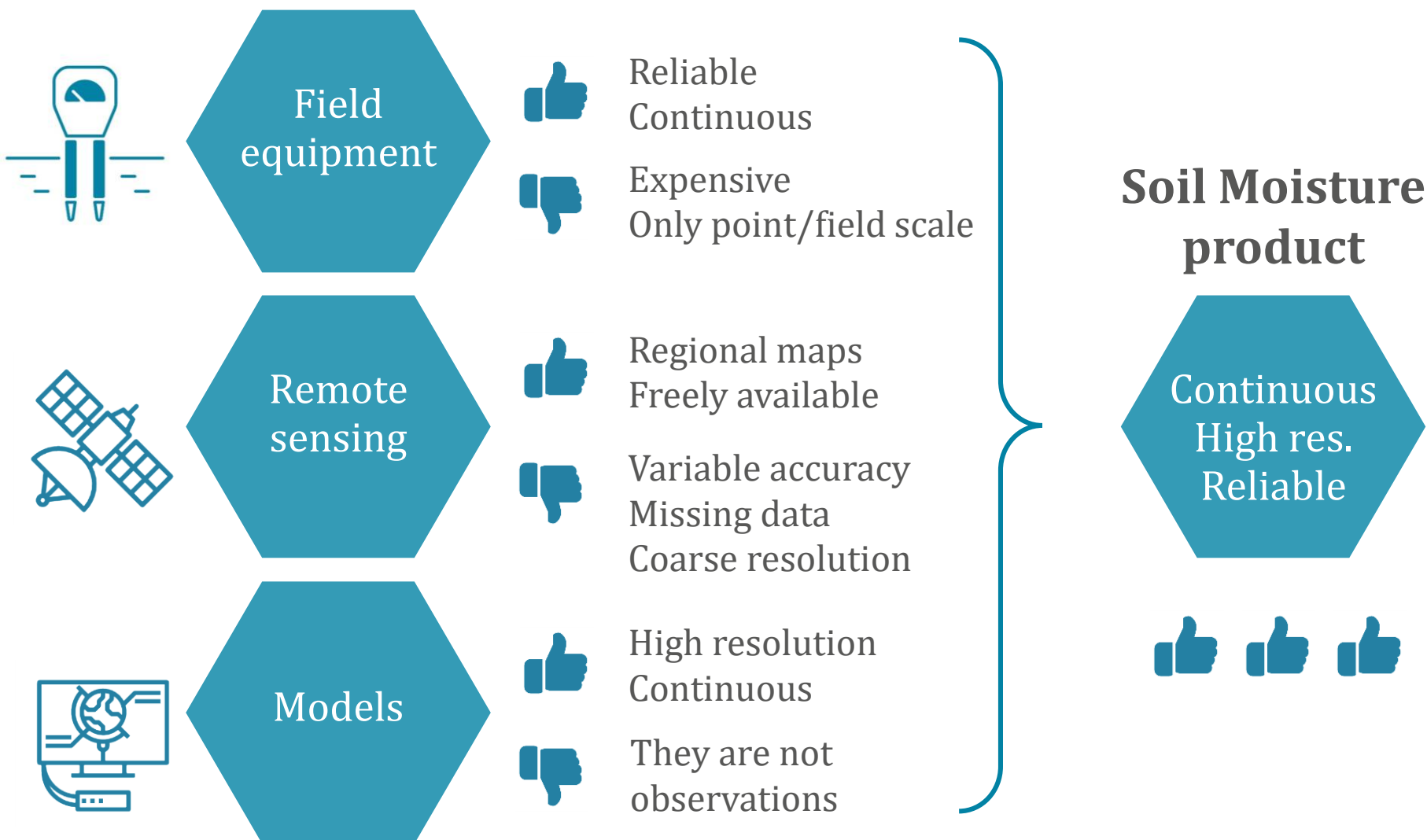
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# What is the challenge?

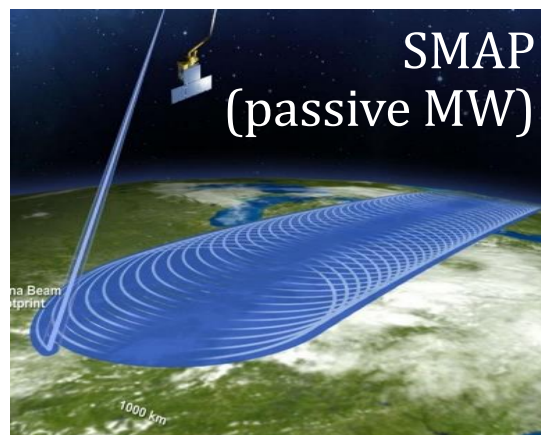
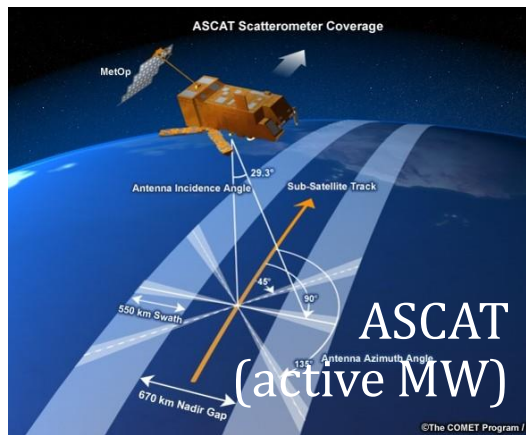


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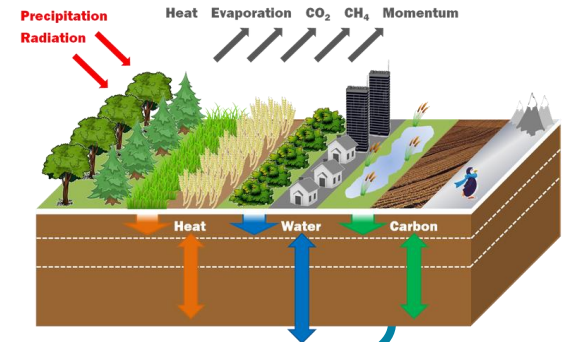
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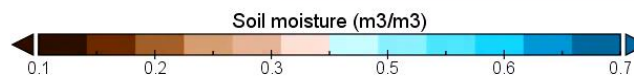
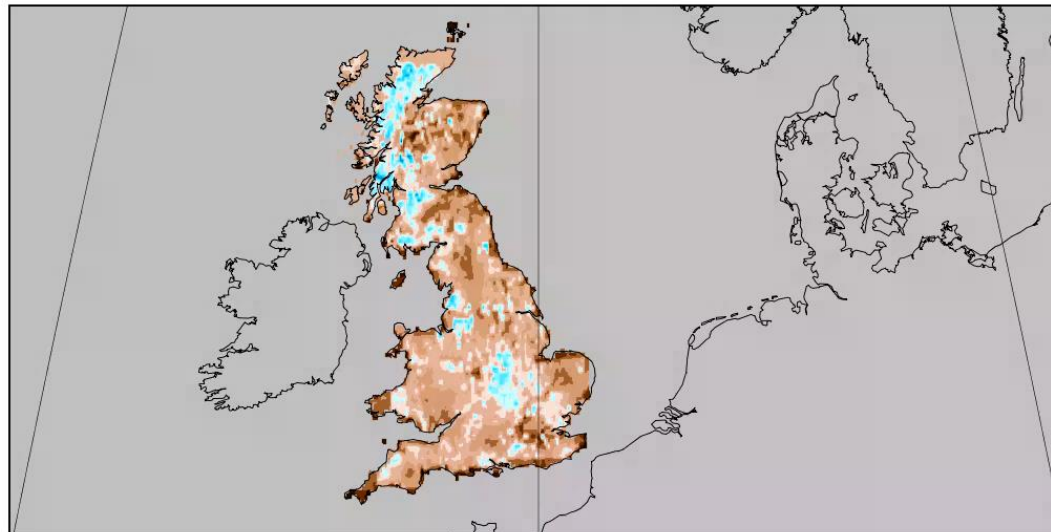
## JULES-CHESS (model)



## Triple collocation merging

Soil moisture

Time: 2015-04-04 00:00



Data Min = 0.1, Max = 0.7

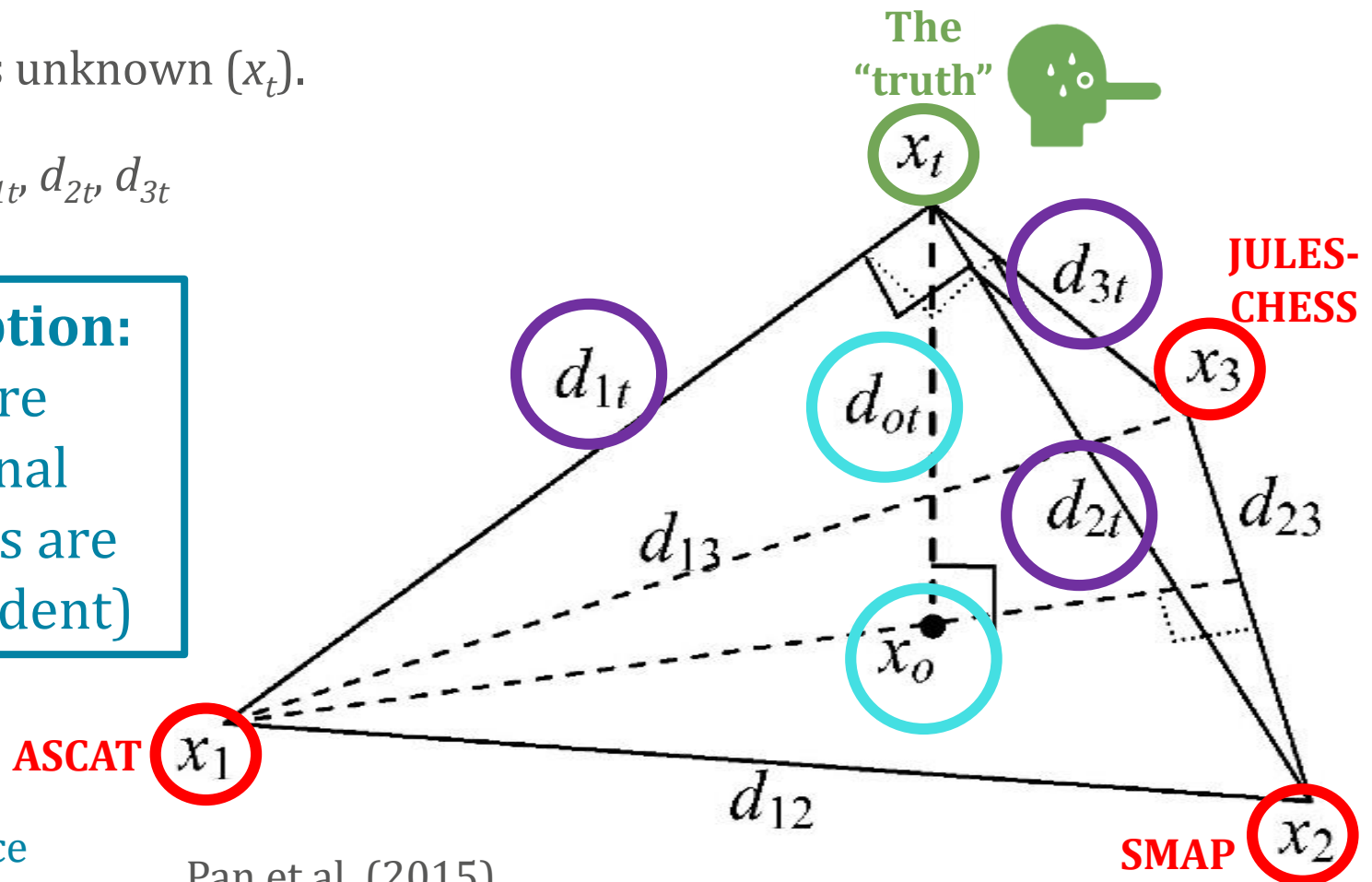
# Triple Collocation (TC) method

Method for error assessment from three source estimates ( $x_1, x_2, x_3$ ).

“Truth” is unknown ( $x_t$ ).

Errors:  $d_{1t}, d_{2t}, d_{3t}$

**Assumption:**  
Errors are  
orthogonal  
(datasets are  
independent)



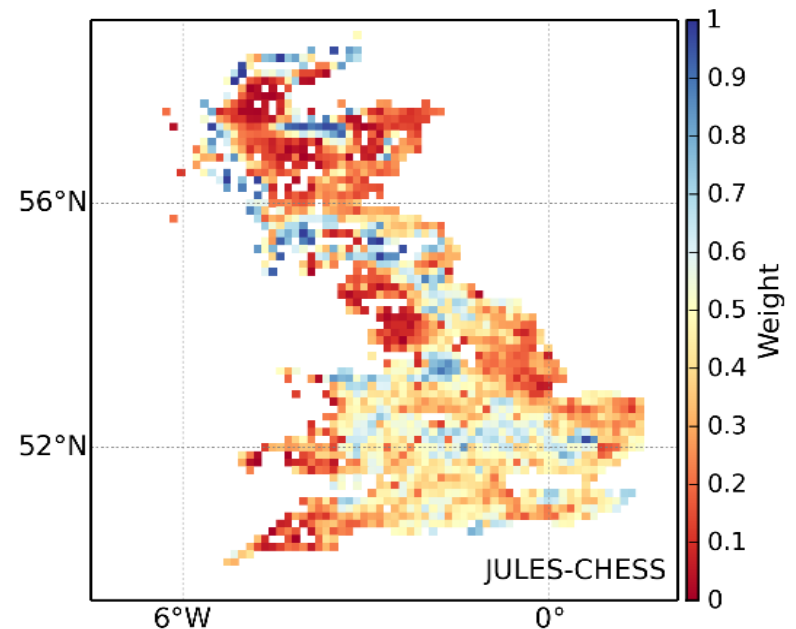
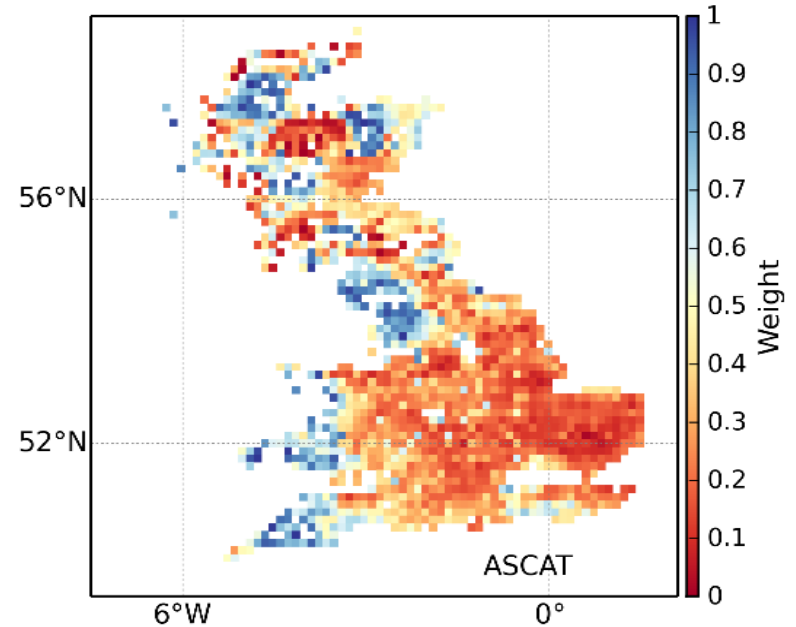
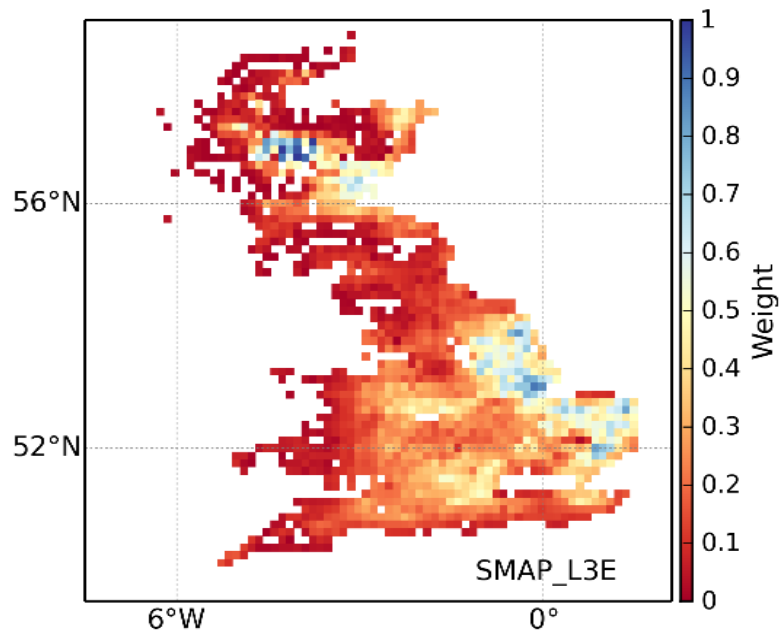
Hilbert Space

Pan et al. (2015)

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rse.2015.10.028>



# Weights

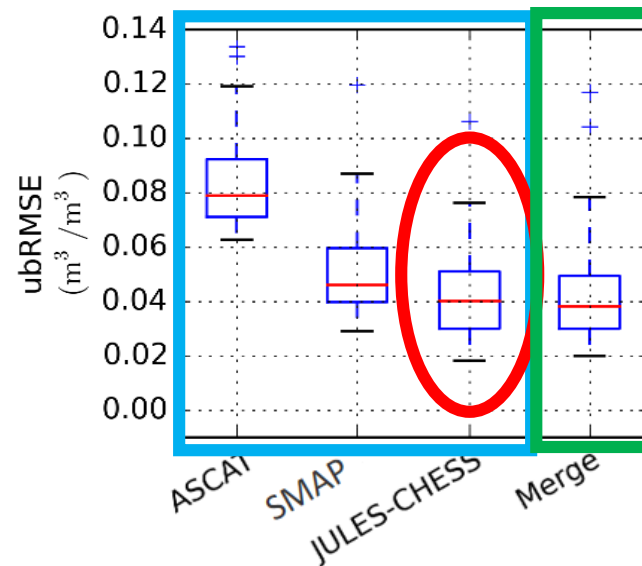
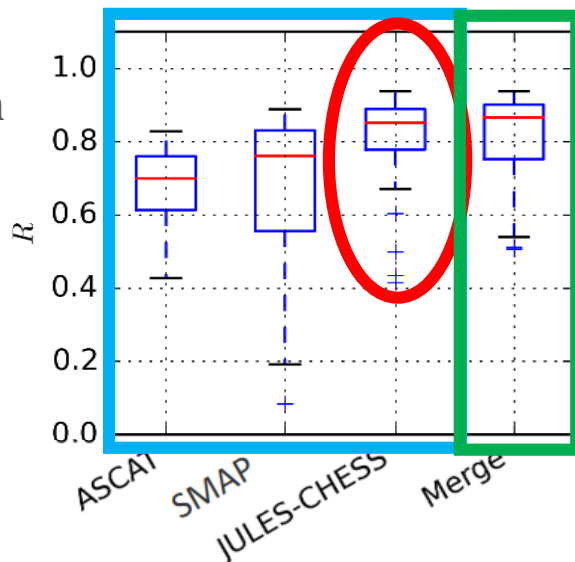


Peng et al. (2021), RSE, accepted

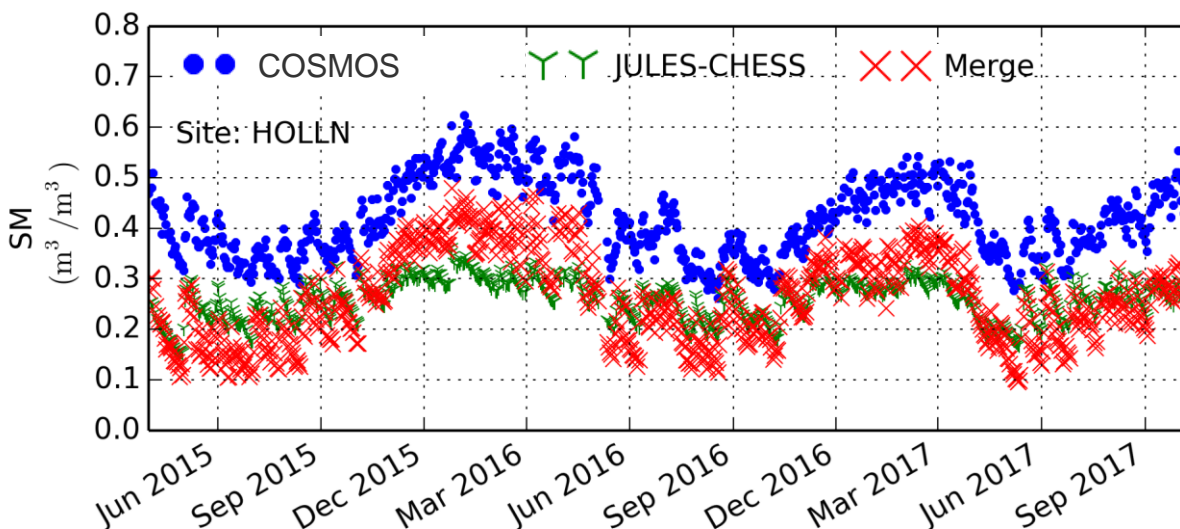
# Results

Comparison with COSMOS soil moisture:

Pearson correlation coefficient (R)



Unbiased root mean square error (ubRMSE)



← COSMOS

← Merged

← JULES-CHESS

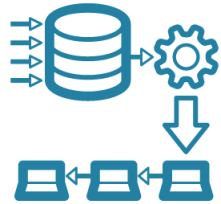


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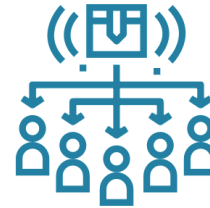
# Future work



Pathways to  
operationali-  
sation



Comparison  
with other SM  
products



Dissemina-  
tion



Apply  
elsewhere



A row of geodesic domes, likely greenhouses, is situated in a grassy field. The domes are made of a metal frame and clear panels. In the background, there are rolling hills or mountains under a blue sky with some clouds. A curved, semi-transparent graphic element is on the right side of the image.

# Thank you



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